W. H. PERRY,
Hardware,
Stoves and
Tinware.
42 JOHNSON ST.

Victoria Daily Times.

Prescriptions Prepared By—
Practical Pharmacists
At the
People's Popular
Prescription Pharmacy
Always Open.
C. E. JONES.

VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, AUGUST 12, 1893. No. 188

SATURDAY, August 12th, 1893,

THIRD DAY OF

The Westside Clearance Sale

YOU Should make a point of calling this evening and securing a few of the many BARGAINS that are offered

SPECIAL CUTS.

Double Width All Wool English Tweeds, 75c., reduced to 25c.
" " " 90c., reduced to 50c.
" " " $1, reduced to 60c.
" Twill French Serges, Checks, 40c., reduced to 16 2-3c.
Balance of Single Width Dress Stuffs to be cleared at 10c. and 12 1-2c.
12 yds. White Lace Stripe for $1.
5 yds. Crondon Sheeting for $1.
20 yds. Print for $1.
15 yds. Flannelette for $1.
15 yds. Canton Flannel for $1.
A line of Misses and Children's Hose at 15c. per pair.
Balance of Undressed Kid Gloves, in Tans and Black, at 50c.

There are still a number of Bargains left on our Remnant Counter.
Remember this Sale will only last FOR TWO WEEKS.

J. Hutcheson & Co.

No More Slack Times

The Best Fitting Clothes,
Made by the Best Tailors in the Province,
From the Best Goods in the Market,
At Popular Prices

Have made the volume of the past week's business something unprecedented for the season in B. C.

We control several of the best manufactures, among which are the celebrated BLARNEY TWEEDS and FINE FRENCH PANTINGS, which goods we are offering at the same prices others are asking for German and English imitations.

If you wish a GOOD SUIT made from Good Goods, with Good Workmanship and Good Trimmings, and be guaranteed a Good Fit, you really should call and see

Geo. R. Jackson & Co.,

Five Sisters Block, 57 Government Street.

W. H. PERRY,

"HAPPY THOUGHT" RANGE.

Builders' Hardware,
Stoves,
Tinware and
Graniteware,
Sheet Metal Works,
Cornice Work,
Sky-Lights
And Roofing.

42 Johnson St., VICTORIA, B.C.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL (With power to increase).....£600,000, $2,920,000
RESERVE.....£260,000, $1,265,333

HEAD OFFICE: 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND

BRANCHES:

In British Columbia—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON, (Kootenay Lakes).
In the United States—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA

AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS:

IN CANADA—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank Imperial Bank of Canada, and Bank of Nova Scotia.
IN UNITED STATES—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency), New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago.
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND—Bank of Australasia. HONOLULU—Bishop & Co.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent. per annum.

Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

Victoria, B.C., July 1, 1893. GEO. GILLESPIE, Manager.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A double barrel breech loading shot gun; must be cheap. Address, giving description and price. A. B., box 147, City. a12-2t

C. P. N. CO. LD.
Steamer
Princess Louise
Roberts, Master,
Will leave Outer Wharf
—FOR—
Naas and Way Ports
TUESDAY, AUGUST 15th,
At 8 o'clock p. m.
For freight or passage apply at office of company, Wharf street.
The company reserves the right to change this time table at any time without notification.
au12-td JOHN IRVING, Manager.

REV. P. McF. McLEOD,
WILL PREACH
In the Victoria Theatre,
—ON—
SUNDAY EVENING,
the 13th, at 7 o'clock.
SUBJECT:
"The Man With the Muck Rake."
ALL WELCOME.

Rioting Railwaymen.

Montreal, Aug. 12.—The trouble on the Baie des Chaleurs railway on account of non payment, continues. A locomotive has been seized at Metapedia and locked up in the round house. The workmen demand a settlement. Farmers and workmen on the road have been arrested as leaders in the riot. The case will likely come before the court of Queen's Bench.

Fire in Fredericton.

St. John, N. B., Aug. 12.—The most disastrous fire Fredericton has experienced broke out at 2 this morning in Lee's livery stable, West Moreland street, burning it, Lee's opera house, Palmer's tannery, Dunphy's hotel the city hotel, several wooden buildings and a number of barns and outbuildings. Over half a block was laid in ashes. The insurance is light.

Spanish America.

Managua, Nicaragua, Aug. 12.—The prevailing opinion seems to be that the truce between the Granada and Leon governments cannot be maintained. Friends of the deposed president, Sacasa, desire his recall from the United States. Many business houses are bankrupt and money is exceedingly scarce. It is unsafe to go a league outside of towns owing to the bands of discharged soldiers. Sentiment among the better classes is in favor of a United States protectorate, though the English and French influences are hostile to American ascendancy here. The American minister is endeavoring to prevent an outbreak. He is not seconded, however, by the other resident diplomats.

Valparaiso, Aug. 12.—Horatio Lyon, manager of the South American Steamer company, has started for Washington. He will appear before the Chilean claims commission and ask for payment of $250,000 damages by the United States government for seizure of the steamer Itata during the struggle to overthrow Balmaceda.

COLORADO'S PRAYER.

Ingenious and Artistic Metaphorical Use of Silver.

IN A NEWLY MADE SUPPLICATION

To Providence to Make Congress do Silver States Justice.

This Petition Composed by the Bishop—Must be Offered in All States Churches—Downfall of the Commercial Bank, Brooklyn—Governor Waite on Imported Labor.

New York, Aug. 11.—The people of Colorado are praying for congress. Bishop J. F. Spaulding of Colorado has prepared the prayer and sent it boldly out in a pastoral letter, which is as follows:

"My Dear Brethren,—In this time of trouble we must go to the throne of grace. I would ask you to use at every public service while congress shall be in session the prayer for congress which is specially suited to the present emergency. I also recommend for like use and at home or in families prayers in the Litany: 'O God, merciful Father, who despiseth not the sighings of contrite hearts nor the desires of such as are sorrowful; we humbly beseech Thee, O Father, mercifully to look upon our infirmities, and for the glory of Thy name turn from us all those evils.' I also set for use at thanksgiving and private services as follows: 'Almighty and most merciful God and Father, who regardest the comfortless troubles of the needy and hearest the deep sighing of the poor, and who art the strength and defence of all those who put their trust in Thee, stand up and help us in this time of calamity and distress. Speak in our hearts the pure words which are as silver, that from the earth is purified and tried seven times in the fire, and so refine us, purging away our dross, and bring us clean and bright out of our present tribulations. Give to president and congress clearness of vision to see the requisite measures and courage and strength to do all that is best to relieve our necessities, and the setting forth of Thy glory in the preservation and extension of Thy church and her parishes and missions and charity, through our only and most merciful Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ. Amen.'"

COMPELLED TO CLOSE.

Withdrawal of Deposits and Support Ruins the Brooklyn Commercial.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Aug. 12.—At nine o'clock this morning the Commercial bank of Brooklyn, a state institution, failed to open. The following notice was posted on the door. "This bank is compelled to close temporarily. J. J. Vail, cashier." Vail refused to see reporters, and said no statement would be made. The board of directors of the bank held a meeting shortly after the suspension was announced and issued the following statement:

"At the close of banking hours yesterday, the National Bank, of New York, the national banking association through which the Commercial heretofore transacted business with the New York clearing house, refused to act for the Commercial Bank after to-day. Deposits at the Commercial Bank decreased very largely for the past month. This decrease of deposits, with other causes, determined the directors to close the bank this morning. About three years ago, when Mr. Keeney became president, there were large overdrafts which the previous administration of affairs had permitted to be made. These have been decreased and the directors of the bank under the lead of Mr. Keeney made good the losses. Since Mr. Keeney became president the bank has lost considerably less than $10,000. The president and directors have been confident of their ability to make the bank a success, and have been prevented only by unexpected withdrawals of deposits. There should be enough to pay all depositors and shareholders."

There is very little excitement at other banks in the city and withdrawals are not heavier than usual on Saturdays. The city of Brooklyn had a deposit of nearly $13,000 of general funds at the Commercial Bank, and about $31,000 belonging to the board of education. There was also a deposit of $40,000 in the bank belonging to King's county.

Lotharios May be Killed.

Columbia, S. C., Aug. 12.—Gov. Tillman yesterday pardoned Robert Stenhouse, colored, under sentence for killing Mariam Sims, white. The crime was prompted by Sims' relations with Stenhouse's wife, and Judge Isler, who tried the case, suggested executive clemency. Gov. Tillman, in granting the pardon, said: "The unwritten law on this subject applies to the negro as well as to the white man."

Americans Versus Italians.

Denver, Col., Aug. 12.—Last June some American laborers at Cripple Creek drove away a gang of Italians who were imported to work at $1.75 a day, while Americans had been getting $3. There was some diplomatic correspondence about this, and Secretary Gresham recently forwarded a letter from the Italian ambassador at Washington to Gov. Waite. The latter's answer is now on the way to Washington. While deploring the incident, Gov. Waite says the trouble was caused not by any hatred of the Italians, but by a general feeling against cheap contract labor. Continuing, the governor said: "But in equity, and according to the principles of creation, America was made an asylum for the oppressed of Europe and all nations, with the expectation and understanding that subjects of Italy, or any other country of Europe who might darken our doors, should come with the view of renouncing their allegiance to foreign potentates and becoming citizens of the United States. I confess I have little sympathy for contract labor which is imported for the purpose of reaping the advantage of our higher rates of labor only, and with no honest design to acquire American citizenship, whether the class of people came from Europe, Asia or Africa, and if our laws are so defective that they offer no remedy for such a condition of affairs, they will stand a great deal of amendment."

MONTANA MERCHANTS.

Boycott Minneapolis and St. Paul for Anti-Silver Opinions.

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 12.—Information was received to-day from Helena and Butte that the merchants of Montana had declared a boycott upon the wares of the wholesale merchants of St. Paul and Minneapolis. A circular from the Butte board of trade reads as follows: "In this town, as in all others, a boycott has been instituted against Minneapolis and St. Paul jobbers on account of their unreasonable crusade against silver producing states. All merchants have pledged themselves to discontinue trade with your jobbing houses, and the mehchant who fails to uphold the boycott is to be boycotted at home."

P. H. Kelley, president of the St. Paul Jobbers' Union, speaking of the boycott, said: "Yes, I have received such a circular from Butte, but have paid little attention to it. We have taken no action here in reference to the silver question. The Jobbers' Union did not see fit to act upon it. The agitation began in the chamber of commerce, which appointed a committee to confer with our union. We investigated and thought the movement ill-advised. Minneapolis is not particularly interested in the silver question, further than to know we have a good sound basis for the protection of all parties."

The jobbers of Minneapolis entertain the same view. They say the Montana merchants are unreasonable in holding the jobbers of these two cities responsible for the silver sentiment found here. They say too that if the Montana merchants propose to declare a boycott against all cities where anti-free coinage of silver sentiment is strong they will hardly know where to buy goods, because Chicago, Milwaukee and New York are all strongly against free silver.

HERBERT'S ANGLOMANIA.

Canadian Officers Not Good Enough to Suit His Plans.

Ottawa, Aug. 12.—There is a great stir in military circles here over the announcement that Major-General Herbert intends bringing from England an officer for the new position of quartermaster-general, which so far has not been filled. It is also said that Lieut.-Col. Villiers and Lieut.-Col. Stroubenzie, deputy adjutant-general will be retired. A number of important changes, such as offices of brigade majors, are being abolished, except the one at Montreal.

The interior department received a telegram from Quebec to-day stating that 524 Icelanders have arrived there en route for Manitoba.

THE MURDERED MISSIONARIES.

How Wikholm and Johansohn Met Their Death.

San Francisco, Aug. 12.—The City of New York, just arrived, brings details of the murder of Swedish missionaries Wikholm and Johanson, which was briefly mentioned in Hong Kong dispatches last month. The missionaries were at Sungpu, about 60 miles from Hankow, and the riot which resulted in their murder seems to have been originated and executed in the usual way. At first many false and malicious rumors were set afloat, and occasional placards posted of the eye-gouging and heart-digging character. Then, when all was ready, the matter was finished off by a band of men evidently detailed for the purpose and acting according to a prearranged plan. Yet the real root of it is to be found in the very unsatisfactory understanding between the native officers and foreigners as to their right of living in the interior. Missionaries believe they have this right, but the native authorities act as if they considered the foreigners had no such right. The missionaries were attacked by a mob and killed, and then their bodies were terribly mutilated. The native authorities failed to take the slightest notice of the matter, further than refusing to allow any one to remove the bodies, which lay where they fell for several days, when the foreign consuls succeeded in having the authorities relent. The bodies were thereupon taken to Hankow, where the funeral took place. It was the largest ever seen in Hankow. There were strong detachments from each of the three gunboats in port, and nearly all the residents in the place followed the remains to the grave.

Rain to Order.

Bloomington, Ill., Aug. 12.—A canning company at Chenaet recently agreed to give the Morris brothers $50,000 if they would within five days produce a rainfall of half an inch over 300 square miles. The Morris brothers began on Tuesday at 8 o'clock, and yesterday morning at 9 a rain which yielded three-quarters of an inch set in, covering the territory contracted for. The canning firm says it will pay the money. Last night the rain fell in neighboring localities in like quantities. The rainmakers use explosive chemicals.

Washburn's Wisdom.

Washington, Aug. 12.—The anti-options bill, over which there was such a long debate in the Senate last night, will not be introduced by Senator Washburn at this session at a very early date. "I am one of those," said the senator, "who think we have been summoned to Washington at this time by the President for the performance of a specific duty, and until that duty has been accomplished I do not believe it wise or prudent to cumber the legislative way with other measures."

ASIATIC CHOLERA

Swinburne Island Quarantine Station Becomes Populous.

DR. JENKINS LATEST BULLETIN

Bacteriological Examination Reveals Grave Facts.

Deaths and Cases Multiplying—South Carolina's Governor on the Killing of Paramours—Cudahy and Fairbanks Offer Fifty Cent Satisfaction—Montana Merchants Boycott.

Quarantine, S. I., Aug. 12, 12:30 p.m.—At midnight Francisco Modia, aged 27, and Mariana Rebiarco, aged 23, died of cholera at Swinburne Island hospital. Their remains were incinerated this morning. Before noon to-day the following suspects were removed to Swinburne Island for observation and treatment: Francisco Cervo, aged 31; Francisco Beato, 34; Paola Mariana, 28; Ancilo Gallo, 30; Giovanni Bandino, 27; Michael Castlanza, 28; Leonard Larose, 11; Francisco, Dododio, 16. A bacteriological examination proved that all the patients removed yesterday were suffering from Asiatic cholera. A census of the hospital today shows 17 patients, one of whom is convalescent; eight have been bacteriologically confirmed as cholera stricken and nine suspects. (Signed) Wm. T. Jenkins, health officer.

SPANISH AMERICA.

Argentina's Trials—Union of Central American States Proposed.

Monte Video, Aug. 12.—Gen. Costa, who was deposed as governor of the province of Buenos Ayros, Argentina, by the revolutionists, has arrived here. When Governor Costa fled from La Plata he boarded a steamer which took him to Monte Video. He says he was badly treated by the rulers of the province. He predicts the Radical triumph will be short, and says there will be a revolution throughout Argentina.

Buenos Ayres, Aug. 12.—The Argentine Congress has authorized intervention by national authorities in the settlement of the revolution in Buenos Ayres. At a meeting of the cabinet to-day to discuss the question two members opposed the intervention, and it was feared a ministerial crisis would follow.

News from La Plata is more reassuring. The disarming of troops continues and order is being restored. A revolt in Parhua is expected. Rio Grande do Sul revolutionists have been actively carrying on a guerilla warfare, cutting telegraph wires, etc.

Tegucigalpa, Honduras, Aug. 12.—The country is in bad financial condition, and agriculture is at a standstill. There is a strong feeling in favor of uniting all Central America in one republic.

Ex-President Leiva has issued a circular asserting that he was forced to resign by his enemies, but he was willing to give place to Bogran. Though there is much dissatisfaction throughout the country, Bogran's following is increasing despite his unpopularity.

Cudahy and Fairbanks.

Chicago, Aug. 12.—N. K. Fairbanks is now ready to turn over collateral to pay his $800,000 indebtedness for release. He called on most of his creditors yesterday. As soon as the Fairbank negotiations are completed, John Cudahy will make an offer of $800,000 collateral to settle his indebtedness of $1,000,000 on the basis of 50 cents on the dollar. There is some difference of opinion as to the giving of notes for the 50 per cent. balance. Cudahy claims that with notes out for $800,000, no matter how far off, he would be without business credit. He says there has never been a year since he was in "business" he has not cleared from $100,000 to $200,000, and that with any show of a start in "business" on an equal footing with other packers he could earn money very fast. The collateral which Fairbanks proposed to turn over to secure his $800,000 indebtedness is improved central real estate in Chicago.

Tired of Existence.

Paterson, N. J., Aug. 12.—Shortly before 10 yesterday morning Mrs. Elmer Shoppmeier, aged 25, ended the life of her two-months'-old boby by throwing it into the Passaic river, and committed suicide by drowning. She lived with her husband and two children at 32 Bergen street. The eldest child is 2. Ever since the birth of her last child Mrs. Shoppmeier has been sickly and frequently gave way to fits of despondency. This morning she left the eldest child in charge of a neighbor, saying she would take the boby out for an airing. The neighbor saw her leave the house noticed that she was going towards Gaffle road. This is one of the most lonely spots on the river. Her body was found by some men in a boat, who gave the alarm. The Red Mills, where her husband is employed, is not far from the spot where she ended her life, and among the employees who ran to see the dead woman was Elmer Shoppmeier. As soon as he recognized his wife he became frantic. His grief was augmented by he sad fate of his baby.

Anti-Chinese Demonstration.

Selma, Cal., Aug. 12.—The Earl Fruit Co. have commenced packing and shipping fruit from this place, and this morning discharged 20 white women and substituted Chinamen. This so exasperated the citizens that a meeting was held upon the street and a committee appointed to wait upon the foreman and notify him to discharge the Chinese at once. This was done in short order. There will probably be an organized anti-Chinese league here in a few days which will stop all Chinese labor in the vineyards and packing houses.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

Dr. William Dougan, of St. Catharines, died suddenly in Cleveland, O.

The wife of Clarke Gamble, Q. C., Toronto, died in her 74th year.

The Imperial Straw Works in Toronto were damaged by fire to the extent of $4000.

Rev. R. L. Stephenson, rector of the Church of England in Perth, died suddenly.

Typhoid fever is raging in Carleton Place. No fewer than 60 cases are reported.

A regular plague of grasshoppers has struck the Hamilton district, and they are eating up the standing crops.

The C. P. R. traffic returns for the week ending Aug. 7th, was $419,000. For the same week last year they were $416,000.

It is currently reported that the order providing for the abolition of the office of Deputy Adjutant General takes effect shortly.

Sir Oliver Mowat's visit to the Northwest will not take place until the 19th inst. He goes by steamer to Port Arthur, and will probably speak at one or two points.

An Edmonton dispatch says: "M. O'Connor left his house on horseback on Sunday to hunt cattle in the Beaver hills and has not been seen since. He is supposed to be lost."

The Clinton organ factory was burned with all the machinery, stock and tools. The building occupied by the Clinton Electric Light Company, immediately adjoining, was badly damaged.

James Row, an old and highly respected resident of Brockville, died suddenly of heart failure. He was 76 years of age, and was at one time an extensive railway and canal contractor.

David Porter, M. P. P. for North Bruce, who has been suffering from pulmonary consumption for some years past, died on Monday. Deceased was a supporter of the Mowat government.

George Pennyson, a farmer, living near Bird's creek, Hastings county, was found dead in the woods with fatal gun shot wounds in his body. He had been gunning and apparently was accidentally shot.

A convict at the Kingston penitentiary made a murderous attack on a comrade with a knife which he had secreted about him, and inflicted two bad wounds. He was overpowered by the guards before he could make a third thrust.

Hugh Ryan states that the prevailing depression in the United States is evidenced by the immense falling off in the traffic through the American Soo Canal. This applies particularly to the iron trade and the large number of vessels tied up.

The Ontario government will be asked to investigate the death of Henry Wood, lighthouse keeper, at Point aux Pine, who left Sault Ste. Marie on July 5th, but failed to reach his lighthouse. It is believed he was foully murdered and his body buried.

Mrs. King, of Culloden, who represented herself as an heiress and victimized Tilsonburg merchants to the tune of $2000, was arrested in Michigan and brought back to Oxford. The widow was up for trial and found guilty, but was allowed out on suspended sentence, having made satisfactory settlement with her creditors.

The Globe contains an appeal from a resident of California that the Dominion should interest itself in securing a fair trial for Frederick W. Polley, a former resident of Norfolk county, who is charged with being implicated in the McWhirter murder at Fresno. Polley and two others are accused of the crime, and the correspondent claims that the evidence against them is entirely unreliable.

In connection with the use of the word "Royal" for the permanent militia, a special general order was issued at Ottawa, stating that the different corps will henceforth be designated as follows: "The Royal Canadian Dragoons," "The Royal Canadian Artillery," "The Artillery Regiment of Canadian Infantry." Her Majesty authorizes these regiments to wear on their equipment her Imperial cipher, V. R. I., surmounted by the Imperial crown.

A severe thunder and lightning storm passed over a part of Picton county, N. S., lately. The force of the storm was particularly felt at Stellarton and New Glasgow, where business was practically suspended by it. Many buildings were shattered by lightning, but no fatalities are reported. Rain, too, did much damage. At Westville the fluid entered the disused shaft of the old Sweet William pit, causing a terrific explosion. The mine is reported to be on fire.

The directors of the Lake St. John railway have turned towards the realization of another great scheme, viz., the securing of connection with the Parry Sound railway, and thus making Quebec a great grain shipping port. The new line would take in several partly constructed roads, cross St. Maurice at Patuque away north of Three Rivers, and with the construction of about 160 miles of new road the fond dream of Quebec might be realized.

About noon on Friday a fire was discovered to have broken out in a furniture storeroom, in St. Anne's market, Montreal, at present occupied by Robert Steel. The cause of the outbreak is supposed to have been the heat of the sun's rays reflected on the furniture by the glass. The damages are inside $1000, and are covered by insurance. The brigade attended to the fire at the time; but it broke out again about 12 o'clock, and the engines were called out a second time.

The reorganization of the immigration service in Great Britain, which Hon. Mr. Daly has had in contemplation for some time has just gone into effect. John Dyke, agent for Canada at Liverpool, has been promoted to the position of emigration and commercial agent for Canada at that port, Messrs. Graham, Glasgow; and Down, Bristol, are retained in their places. The offices at Belfast and Dublin will be closed. Mr. George Leary, of Winnipeg, has been appointed Canadian emigration agent in Ireland, his duties to be determined from time to time by the minister of the interior. The per diem allowance hitherto made to agents in Great Britain has been abolished.

At Winnipeg on Thursday there was presented to the receiver in charge of the affairs of the Manitoba and Northwestern railway, a manifesto signed by all the men employed on the road demanding that their overdue pay for April be given to them by to-morrow night or they would quit work. The employees have not been paid during April, May and the first week in June, since which time the affairs of the railway have been in the hands of the receiver and their wages have been the first call on the funds in hand. The receiver had no authority to pay the back wages and referred the question to the courts, where it was argued.

Bears on the Warpath.

New York, Aug. 11.—Pacific railroad bonds closed as follows: Union first, 101; Union sinking funds, 97; Centrals, 101 1-2 bid. Under the influence of heavy receipts of gold from Europe, advices from London and France, and of further engagements for shipments to this side, the material reductions in premiums on currency, the sharp drop in sterling exchange and the favorable turn in the rates of domestic exchange in the west, the stock market displayed unusual strength to-day. At intervals the "bears" were aggressive and managed to bring about sharp declines in some of the speculative shares; but whenever the pressure was lifted rallies promptly ensued, and in the majority of cases prices closed at about last night's final quotations. The transactions were only 157,452 shares, including 39,548 unlisted. Most of the strength of the market was due to the offering of money on time, in round amounts, for the first time in several weeks. There was a feeling of relief at this new phase of the monetary situation. Closing bids: Canadian Pacific, 70 1-2; Central Pacific, 18 1-2; Missouri Pacific, 22 5-8; Northern Pacific, 7; Northern Pacific preferred, 22; North Western, 96 5-8; Oregon Navigation, 39; Oregon Improvement, 10; Pacific Mail, 10 3-8; Southern Pacific, 17 3-4; Texas Pacific, 5 1-2; Union Pacific, 9 1-2; Western Union, 78.

Esquimalt's Defenceless State.

London, Aug. 11.—Lord Aberdeen's friends in the colonies express great pleasure that Great Britain and Canada are working together to remedy the defenceless state of Esquimalt. The Westminster Gazette, taking the Imperial Federation view of Sir Charles Tupper, asks the Imperial Federation League whether it regards this as an instance of Great Britain's self-sacrifice in defence of the colonies. Why, if Canada belonged to the United States Great Britain must only create such a naval station on some island especially bought for the purpose.

The British in Egypt.

Cairo, Aug. 11.—The return of the khedive from Constantinople has been marked by a further tension in the political situation, and a cabinet crisis is now on. The khedive has had a quarrel with his prime minister, Riaz Pasha, who owes his position to British influence and wants a ministry in accord with his own policy, which is well known to be a pro-French one. It was only a few months ago that he dismissed his ministers, who were in accord with the British policy, and substituted a cabinet of his own selection. Lord Cromer, British minister, intervened, and forced the substitution of Riaz Pasha as prime minister. The situation between the khedive and his advisers has since been strained, and has resulted in another crisis that will probably again call for British intervention. The khedive is only a little over nineteen years old.

The Lost Helen Blum.

San Francisco, Aug. 11.—There seems to be no doubt now that the sealing schooner Helen Blum has been lost and that all hands were drowned. The former cook of the Blum, who has arrived here, saw a quantity of wreckage, and asserts that it all belonged to the missing vessel. The captain's boat has also been found, but there were no signs of the crew. The schooners Alexander and Helen Blum started in a raging snowstorm off the Zeminoski group, and the latter has never been seen since. There were, all told, 25 hands on board the Blum, and most of the white portion of the crew were from this city. The vessel was owned by L. Abrams and others of this city, and was only partly insured.

German Military Taxes.

Frankfort, Aug. 11.—A conference of the finance ministers of the several states of the German empire, which met here yesterday, has concluded its labors. The object of the conference was to devise means of raising, by taxation, the money necessary to meet the increased expenditures necessitated by the army bill. The conference appointed a committee to meet in Berlin to prepare bills for presentation to the reichstag embodying the conclusions arrived at by all the ministers.

Zurich, Aug. 11.—The International Socialists' Congress yesterday rejected the resolution offered by the Norwegian delegates, that a universal strike be inaugurated immediately after a war is declared. The resolution was supported by the representatives of only four nations, while fourteen nations voted in the negative. The Belgian amendment in favor of aiming to suppress militarism by withholding supplies was adopted.

The Munro Case.

Grantley, Ont., Aug. 7.—The interest in the case of Mr. Munro, of which mention was made in a dispatch from here last week, rapidly increases as his improvement in health progresses. As a wise man should do, Mr. Munro did not say anything about his trial of Dodd's kidney pills for the dropsy which afflicted him, until he had found that good would result from their use. Now that he has satisfied himself and others of this, beyond the shadow of a doubt, he is loud in his praises of the remedy. In answer to the enquiries that have poured in upon him about his health, Mr. Munro answers: "I am better than I have been for three years, and the credit is due to Dodd's kidney pills." His case and others prove that these pills are, by all odds, the most wonderful remedy of the age.

Atlantic Shipping.

New York, Aug. 12.—Arrived: Paris, Southampton; Normannia, Hamburg.

Arrived out: Runic, from New York at Liverpool; Persian Monarch, from New York at London; Columbia, from New York at Hamburg; Dodam from New York at Rotterdam.

Sighted: Carlisle, from Rotterdam for New York, passed the Lizard; Friesland, from Hamburg, passed the Lizard.

Sailed from foreign ports: Fuerst Bismarck, from Hamburg for New York; Doric, from Liverpool for New York; Essen, from Hamburg for New York.

Pocket and table cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

General Dispatches.

Paris, Aug. 11.—Seventy leading members of the labor exchange, which was closed during the recent troubles in Paris, were fined 50 francs each and costs for refusal to comply with the law for the regulation of trade syndicates. The court ordered the dissolution of all the syndicates concerned in the violation of the law, including the executive committee of the labor exchange.

Auckland, N.Z., Aug. 11.—According to the latest advices from Apia, order has been completely restored in Samoa.

Washington, Aug. 11.—The house voted to adopt without debate Mr. Bland's order forming the procedure for the discussion of the silver bill. The senate have not yet reached an agreement as to a plan for their work.

THE SOUTHWEST WIND.

(A Reply to Mr. Norman Gale.)

Let who will extol the North wind,
Biting blasts and blinding snow;
But to me the sweet Sou'wester
Is the fairest wind I know!
When old Boreas' savage splendour
Has at length its course outrun,
And from skies of April, tender,
Smiles the northward-veering sun.

When, in warm and sheltered places
From brown beds of leafage sere,
Pale young blossoms lift sweet faces,
Shyly poised 'twixt hope and fear;
Comes the soft Sou'wester, blowing
From the Isles of spice and palm,
Fields and woods with blossoms strewing,
Filling all the air with balm.

Life-restorer!—Beauty-giver!
How our hearts, with longing sore,
Throb to see the captive river
Sparkling to the sun once more!
While the happy thrush is telling
Sweet bird gossip to his bride,
How the brown leaf-buds are swelling,
Where the gentle violets hide!

How the lily-bells are ringing
Chimes upon the fragrant breeze,
Incense-laden censers swinging
For the butterflies and bees!
How, the velvet mosses leaving,
Ferns their crosiers green upraise!
How thy fairy loom is weaving
Wreaths of bloom o'er woodland ways!

Glad, we hail the, Southwind, bringing
Hint and glimpse of fairest things,
Of the woodland, gay with singing,
Of the rush of airy wings,
Happy toil of hopeful sower,
Bloom of summer's glorious prime,
Golden sheaves that bless the mower,
In the joyous autumn time!

Let who will, then, praise the north wind,
Reigning king of frost and death;
Nature-lovers love the Southwind,
With its life-bestowing breath!
Bearing to our human sadness
Dreams of beauty, far above
All our earthly spring of gladness,
In eternal life and love!

—Agnes M. Machar, Kingston, Canada.

TRUE PHILANTHROPY.

To the Editor:—Please inform your readers that I will mail free to all sufferers the means by which I was restored to health and manly vigor after years of suffering from Nervous Weakness. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, but thanks to heaven, I am now well, vigorous and strong. I have nothing to sell and no scheme to extort money from anyone whomsoever, but being desirous to make this certain cure known to all, I will send free and confidential to anyone full particulars of just how I was cured. Address with stamp, naming this paper,

MR. EDWARD MARTIN (Teacher),
P.O. Box 143, Detroit, Mich.

Who "Foggers" Are.

The foggers on an English farm are the laborers who fodder the cattle and carry out the hay morning and evening. Their work begins with the very earliest touch of dawn, and that hour, when the dew still lies heavy, the wild things of the forest are still out of their covers. The foggers discovered that they could approach very near to the deer and other game without being detected, because the load of sweet-smelling hay on their heads overcame the scent of their bodies, so the game was not aware of the approach of a human being. Poachers uttered this discovery, finding it a great assistance in their raids on deer preserves.

Snow-Shoes for Soldiers.

The riflemen of the Russian army are to be equipped with snow-shoes next winter. The Prussian troops on the Russian frontier have used snow-shoe with satisfaction for several winters. Two hundred and sixty-two thousand recruits from the Russian army are to be drawn by conscription this year. Crop prospects in Southern Russia have greatly improved in the past few weeks. It is remarkable, in view of the great heat and drought in Great Britain, France and other parts of western Europe, that the weather in southern Russia has lately been abnormally cool, with copious rainfalls; and while the crops in the former sections have been burned and ruined by too much sunshine, in the latter the harvest will be very late because of lack of warm, ripening sunshine.

Mr. John Hungerford

Proprietor of the fine livery stable at the West End hotel, Elmira, N. Y., says Hood's Sarsaparilla goes way ahead of anything he ever took for troubles with the

Liver and Kidneys

with which he suffered for a long time, until he took Hood's Sarsaparilla and was completely cured. Other members of his family also take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

and are highly gratified with the benefit from it.

HOOD'S PILLS are a mild, gentle, painless safe and efficient cathartic. Always reliable. 25c

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets.
VICTORIA, B. C.

SHAWNIGAN LAKE HOTEL
Splendid Summer Resort.
Good Fishing and Hunting. Cottages to let for families or parties. First-class accommodations.
GEORGE KOENIG, Proprietor.
jn30-4m

Mother's Nestlé's Food

has been in use 25 years. It is not a novelty but a well tried and proven substitute for mothers milk, of special value as a Diet in Hot Weather.

Sample on application to
Thos. Leeming & Co., MONTREAL.

Milk Granules

Is the solids of pure Cow's Milk so treated that when dissolved in the requisite quantity of water it yields a product that is

The perfect equivalent of MOTHER'S MILK.

STAMINAL

Is a valuable food and tonic for the warm weather.

It Supplies

The vital principles of Beef and Wheat with Hypophosphites.

Johnston's Fluid Beef

Is the virtues of Prime Beef in a concentrated and easily-digested form.

Invaluable As a Strength-Giving Food.

"Land Registry Act."

Lot No. 1247 and Subdivision No. 15 of Lot No. 1257, Victoria City.

A certificate of indefeasible title to the above property will be issued to Joseph Dyer on the 30th day of October, 1893, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest in said property, or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, July 20, 1893. 1931-8m

Mortgagee's Sale.

In pursuance of the power of sale granted to a certain indenture of mortgage dated 1st day of February, 1892, between Joseph Phoenix and M. E. Pemberton, of the city of Victoria.

Tenders will be received up to August 14th for the purchase of that house and lot situate on South road, Victoria, and now occupied by Mr. H. B. Rendell, and known as lot 2 of subdivision of lots 53 and 64, Fernwood Estate.

Tenders received and full particulars given by

BEAUMONT BOGGS,
Agent Mortgagee.
P. O. Box 126.
a3-tf

BY-LAW

NO. 202.

A By-Law to Repeal a By-Law intituled "The Victoria, Saanich and New Westminster Railway Interest Bonus By-Law, 1890.

Be it enacted by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. "The Victoria, Saanich and New Westminster Railway Interest Bonus By-Law, 1889," shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

Passed the Municipal Council the 31st day of July, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Municipal Council this 9th day of August, A.D. 1893.

(L.S.)
ROBERT BEAVEN,
Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 9th day of August, A.D. 1893, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that any one desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any part thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

Atlantic Steamship Lines.

Tickets to and from Europe via. CHICAGO AND THE WORLD'S FAIR, through NEW YORK, BOSTON and CANADIAN PORTS, via any Atlantic Steamship Lines. For particulars, dates, rates, etc. Apply to

ALLAN CAMERON,
General Steamship Agent,
Cor. Fort and Gov't St.
s4-1m

City of Victoria, British Columbia.

TENDERS FOR DEBENTURES.

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned on or before the 22nd August, 1893, for the purchase of Debentures of the corporation of the City of Victoria amounting to $85,000 in sums of $1000 each, payable in fifty years from 3rd July, 1893, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of 4 1-2 per centum per annum payable half yearly, with principal and interest payable in currency or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling at the Bank of British North America, either at New York, U. S. A., or Montreal or Victoria, Canada.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at 4 1-2 per cent. per annum, from July 3rd, 1893, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of the Educational Loan By-Law, 1893, with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk's Office, City Clerk.
Victoria, B. C., July 17, 1893.

City of Victoria, British Columbia.

LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DEBENTURES.

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Broad Street Local Improvement Debentures," will be received at the office of the undersigned on or before the 22nd August, 1893, for the purchase of "Local Improvement Debentures, amounting to $10,788, payable in ten years from November 24,1892, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, payable half yearly, with principal and interest payable at Victoria, B. C. The tenderer must state the net price at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price, the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at 5 per cent. from 24th November, 1892, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Broad Street Local Improvement By-Law, 1892," and are secured by a special rate imposed by that by-law, and on that security only.

The total assessed value of the whole real property ratable under the above by-law, according to the assessment roll of 1892, is $685,394.

The corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk.
City Clerk's office,
Victoria, B. C., July 17th, 1893.

BY-LAW

NO. 201.

A By-Law to Amend the "Street By-Law" and the Street By-Law Amendment By-Law, 1893.

The Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

Sec. 1. Section 19 of the Street By-Law is hereby amended by striking out the words "street, or" in the second line thereof.

Sec. 2. Section 60 of the Street By-Law is hereby amended by striking out the word "three" in the last line thereof and substituting the word "five" in lieu thereof.

Sec. 3. Except between the hours of three o'clock a.m. and nine o'clock a.m., no person shall without permission from the Chief of Police, saw, cut, or split cordwood or fire wood upon any street within the lines or boundaries of that portion of the City of Victoria known as the "fire limits," as described in the Buildings By-Law Amendment By-Law 1892, and numbered 158.

Sec. 4. Section 1 of the Street By-Law Amendment By-Law, 1893, is hereby amended by striking out all the words in the seventh and eighth lines between the words "substance" and "but" and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

No person shall without the permission of the mayor of the city discharge any cannon, gun, revolver, pistol or fowling piece, or any fire arms within the limits of the city of Victoria.

Sec. 5. This By-Law may be cited as the "Streets By-Law Amendment By-Law, 1893, No 2."

Passed the Municipal Council this 7th day of August, A. D. 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Municipal Council this 9th day of August, A. D. 1893.

(L.S.)
ROBERT BEAVEN,
Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria, on the ninth day of August, A. D. 1893, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any part thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners, to be held on the second Wednesday of September next, application will be made to the Board that the temporary permission granted on the 20th June last by the Mayor, under the authority of section 221 of the Municipal Act, 1892, for the transfer from William McHugh to William O'Connor of the retail liquor license issued under subsection 2 of section 204 of the aforesaid act, to William McHugh, for the premises known as the Victoria Hotel, situated on the south-east corner of Douglas and Fort streets, in the city of Victoria, may be ratified and extended, and that the said license may be transferred to William O'Connor.

Dated this 4th day of August, 1893, at the city of Victoria.

WM. MCHUGH.

A Novel
—FOR—
3 1/3 cts.

CHOICE BOOKS almost Given Away to Readers of the

VICTORIA TIMES

The BEST BOOKS by the Best Authors at One-Third of their Value.

The Times' Book Offer

To any Times subscriber who will send us Four of the following Coupons (which may be cut from four issues of the same date, or from four issues of different dates), accompanied by Ten Cents in postage stamps, we will send post-paid by mail Any Three Books to be selected by yourself from the list printed below:

The Victoria Times Coupon.

Numbers of the 3 Books Wanted.....

Your Name.....

Your Address, No. ..... Street.....

Town or City.....

Cut out and send to this office Four of the above Coupons, together with Ten Cents, and we will send you post-paid Any Three of the following books:—

No. 1. THE SCARLET LETTER. By Nathaniel Hawthorne.
No. 2. THE MYSTERY OF COLDEN FELL; or, NOT PROVEN. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 3. UNDER THE RED FLAG. By Miss M. E. Braddon.
No. 4. KING SOLOMON'S MINES. By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 5. AROUND THE WORLD IN EIGHTY DAYS. By Jules Verne.
No. 6. THE CORSICAN BROTHERS. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 7. LADY GRACE. By Mrs. Henry Wood.
No. 8. AVERIL. By Rosa Nouchette Carey.
No. 9. THE BLACK DWARF. By Sir Walter Scott.
No. 10. A NOBLE LIFE. By Miss Mulock.
No. 11. THE BELLE OF LYNN; or, THE MILLER'S DAUGHTER. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 12. THE BLACK TULIP. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 13. THE DUCHESS. By "The Duchess."
No. 14. NURSE REVELL'S MISTAKE. By Florence Warden.
No. 15. MERLE'S CRUSADE. By Rosa Nouchette Carey.
No. 16. A STUDY IN SCARLET. By A. Conan Doyle.
No. 17. ROCK RUIN; or, THE DAUGHTER OF THE ISLAND. By Mrs. Ana S. Stephens.
No. 18. LORD LISLE'S DAUGHTER. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 19. THE ARMORER OF TYRE. By Sylvanus Cobb, Jr.
No. 20. MR. GILFIL'S LOVE STORY. By George Eliot.
No. 21. A SCARLET SIN. By Florence Marryatt.
No. 22. THE SEA KING. By Captain Marryatt.
No. 23. THE SIEGE OF GRANADA. By Sir E. Bulwer Lytton.
No. 24. MR. MEESON'S WILL. By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 25. JENNY BARLOWE. By W. Clarke Russell.
No. 26. BEATON'S BARGAIN. By Mrs. Alexander.
No. 27. THE SQUIRE'S DARLING. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 28. THE RUSSIAN GIPSY. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 29. THE WANDERING HEIR. By Charles Reade.
No. 30. FLOWER AND WEED. By Miss M. E. Braddon.
No. 31. NO THOROUGHFARE. By Chas. Dickens and Wilkie Collins.
No. 32. THE GREAT HOGGARTY DIAMOND. By W. M. Thackeray.

The above books are well printed and bound in paper covers. They are sold regularly at retail for ten cents each, so that our offer enables our readers to buy them at one-third of their value. It is a chance to secure standard works of fiction at merely nominal cost.

One of the above coupons will be published in every issue of the Times until further notice. Cut out and save them until you have four, when they can be sent to the office and the three books of your selection obtained. Then you can again save the coupons until you have four more when you can secure three more books, and so on.

We make this liberal offer, whereby some of the best works of fiction in the English language may be secured by our readers for the merest trifle of expense, in order to increase our circulation. Our Present Readers will Greatly Oblige us by Calling the attention of their Friends to the fact that by buying The Times they can secure the advantages of our Great Book Offer. Address:—

(N.B.—Of the stock of books first received several of the numbers in the above list are exhausted, but another supply will be received in two weeks' time. All orders which include any of the missing nos. will be filed pending arrival of new supply. This explanation will account for any delay that may occur in receiving books.)

THE TIMES,
Victoria, B. C.

AUCTION SALES.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

AUCTION SALE OF

Valuable Real Estate

SITUATED IN VICTORIA CITY.

I am instructed by the assignees of the Estate of A. J. Smith, Esquire, to sell by Public Auction, on a day to be named by the assignees, at the Saleroom, 40 Yates Street, all his Valuable Real Estate.

Particulars and descriptions of the property will be given in a few days.

W. R. CLARKE,
Auctioneer.

The Worst Slums in the World.

A few days after my arrival I was fortunate enough to meet a group of earnest social reformers, who were discussing the condition of the lower strata of Chicago life. One of them, a friend of mine connected with a university settlement in East London, and well acquainted with the darkest districts in the metropolis, started me by saying that he had found worse slums in Chicago than he had ever seen in London. "Our rookeries," he said, "are bad enough, but they are at least built of brick and stone. Here, however, the low tenements are mostly of wood, and when the wood decays and breaks away the consequences are more deplorable than anything we have in London."

This was the testimony of a visitor. It was confirmed by the testimony of resident sociological experts. One of these was a lady, at present engaged by the national government in investigating and reporting on the life and homes of the poor of Chicago. The awful state of things she described greatly surprised me, and I suggested that it was due to the presence of our large foreign element.

"On the contrary," she replied, "the very worst places in the city are inhabited by native Americans." And she showed me the official chart of one of the lowest streets, on which the tenements were marked white when occupied by native Americans, black when occupied by foreigners. The rooms to the front which possess the worst character were white. This carefully ascertained fact knocks the bottom out of the complacent assurance which I have since so often heard expressed, that foreigners were responsible for the darkest shades of Chicago life.

"Is this state of things allowed by law to exist?" I asked.

"Certainly not," replied the lady, "it exists in flat contravention of every municipal ordinance."

"Can nothing be done to enforce the law?"

"The very men whose duty it is to enforce the law are the nominees of the classes interested in violating it."

"Can you not rouse the churches to combine and put a stop to this municipal corruption?"

"The churches!"—the lady spoke with infinite scorn—"the proprietors of the worst class of property in Chicago are leading men in the churches. I have more hope of arousing the poor Polish Jews to a sense of their civic duty and opportunity than the churches. The Poles, poor as they are, and ignorant, do want to lead a decent life."—From "The Civic Life of Chicago," by an Englishman in August Review of Reviews.

Typographical Union Money Tied Up.

Toronto Telegram:—The International Typographical Union of North America is one of the strongest labor organizations in North America. It numbers in its membership many thousands of the most expert tradesmen on the continent and has always been in a highly satisfactory financial condition.

The depression which is now widespread in the United States has lately been sharply felt by the International Union. By the suspension of the Indianapolis National Bank last week the organization has locked up $30,000. At present the bank is in charge of an examiner, who does not expect to be able to make a statement before the end of the week. The suspension is ascribed to inability to realize upon securities with sufficient alacrity to justify continuing business in the face of an unsettled financial situation. Depositors are assured that they will be paid 100 cents on the dollar.

The constitution of the Union requires that all Union funds shall be deposited in some responsible bank in Indianapolis. The Union has, in addition to the $30,000 mentioned, $20,000 additional on hand, so that no special inconvenience will result.

Toronto members express every confidence in the management of the Union.

The Typographical Journal says:—"Perhaps nothing tends to relieve the situation of anxiety more than the ease with which solvent depositors obtained accommodation from other banks by merely proving the existence of a deposit in the Indianapolis National. The International received assistance from Nos. 6 and 8 to the extent of $2000, with promises of more if needed, and to these unions—and they were the only ones of whom assistance was requested—and their officials, the Executive Council tenders its sincerest thanks. It is strictly within the truth to say we could, and can, secure from outside sources sufficient capital to transact our normal business, though careful management will be necessary. Up to time of writing we have met every call promptly, and it is not anticipated that our members will be put to any loss or inconvenience as a result of the failure, though it may be that the officials will experience some difficulty at times in keeping sufficient money on hand, but their ability to do so is not doubted."

Investigation Invited.

Of course it is proper to enquire about what any man says, is it true?

The most rigid investigation is invited into the testimonials published in behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Special attention is called to the high character of the persons whose testimonials are published by the proprietors of this medicine, as evidenced by their occupations or indorsements. In fact, no matter where a testimonial in behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla may be from, it is reliable and worthy of confidence as if it came from your most trusted neighbor.

LONDON'S HOLIDAY RESORTS

Tides of Pleasure Seekers on South and East Coasts.

HAMPSTEAD HEATH, THE BEST PLACE

Its Winsome Uncouthness, Breezy Heights and Charming Memories—The Gathering Place of the Lowly—Epping Forest.

(From our own Correspondent.)

London, July 29, 1893. The vastness of London's population is less felt in its impressiveness from meeting it face to face in London's thoroughfares than even the still inadequate comprehension securable through seeing some of its component parts in its various holiday resorts for summer outings. In the first instance if one could severally confront its four or five million inhabitants along its seven thousand miles of streets, the monotony of the experience would detract from just perception of its tremendous import. But when you might pass an entire month, indeed perhaps an entire summer, without being able to visit with the most careful disposition of time, any large proportion of its immediate resorts, finding at each outing crowds numbering from hundreds to almost hundreds of thousands, the immensity of the totality of those who are "outers" and those who are not, begins to dawn upon the observant mind.

There are more than one hundred populous resorts, from thirty minutes to two and a half hours' distance from the Strand, beginning at Bournemouth and following the south coast with a circle of the Isle of Wight to the east coast, including those of the north and south shores of the lower Thames, and thence up along the Channel to Great Yarmouth. On every pleasant Saturday half-holiday, or sunny Sundays and on bank holiday and other full summer holidays, every one of these places is thronged. The rich, the well-to-do idlers and the families of comfortable tradesmen are found in these. I believe a quarter of a million of "outers" of all classes are at the same time afloat upon or lounging beside the Thames, from Margate to Windsor.

As an experiment in seeing London outing crowds, in one day's travel I found perhaps 30,000 people in Greenwich Park; as many more at Brighton; at least 10,000 overflowing Royal Kew Gardens; fully 40,000 in Hyde Park, where it seemed that all the open air speakers of England were haranguing crowds upon every conceivable social, political and religious subject; from 40,000 to 50,000 on and about Hampstead Heath; and from 100,000 to 150,000 disporting themselves in the sun and shade of ancient Epping Forest. On this one day I secured at least glimpses of crowds that in all forms of holiday making must have numbered more than three-quarters of a million souls.

Unquestionably the greatest two resorts for the London middle classes and lowly are Hampstead Heath and Epping Forest. It is but a pleasant walk from the heart of London to Hampstead Heath, for its farthest reaches can be no farther than six miles from the Strand; while an Epping Forest to-and-return fare is but one shilling; and the myriad London costermongers and other possessors of tidy carts and traps find it an easy jog for their donkeys or screws to either of these recreation grounds. The result is that in both of these resorts you invariably find hordes of the "common people" filled to the brim with horse play, "four ale" and good cheer. They are vigorous in their merry making as children loosed from school. They are grudgingly but good-naturedly fierce in the utilization of every moment of the holiday in some sort of rugged diversion. And altogether they furnish scenes of the heartiest, easiest provoked, most uncouth and vociferous holiday enjoyment to be found in all the world.

But who can properly describe this ancient Hampstead Heath and its quaint and picturesque surroundings, or fitly tell its weird and pleasant memories? "Gor bli me!" exclaimed a coster friend, "me bloomin' donah 'd fade to a hangel, ef I didn't jog her upon the' 'Eath wonct a week or so, Gor bli me, so she would!" That was his idea of its exceeding utility. "I'd rayther ha' a monthfu' o' th' 'Eath air than the best wittles my missus do mess together!" observed a tram car driver on the Kentish Town Road; and that was his glowing tribute to its fine salubrity. "We'n yer goes in for a reg'lar lark, a reg'lar lark, mind, wat's easy to get, an' sweet as a Essex milkmaid to remember, s'Ampstead 'Eath's th' parydise yer wants to keep yer heye on!" was the brisk and authoritative remark of a greengrocer's man upon its ethical and diverting advantages, as I ruminatively trudged into old Hampstead town. All these fine encomiums brought me with cheery enthusiasm to the verge of the enchanted holiday region.

The Heath is a trifle west of north of the heart of London. It is not more than three or four hundred acres in extent; but as it comprises the highest and wildest hills rising out of the valley of the Thames, the railways have had to stop at its edge and leave the region for the people, almost as nature fashioned it. The High Street of old Hampstead town, winding up the last steep of the first hill which has stood as a rampart against London encroachment, gives charming views of ancient houses, old streets which have held their old names, old courts and avenues of limes and elms so old that the midday light beneath them is like the saffrony gloaming of eventide. There is a pensive hush in these streets and lanes suggestive of splendid antiquity and gentle, loving decay. It would be a glorious outing in itself to saunter and dream in these lovely avenues and courts, with here and there their shadowy vistas blending into blossoming lanes, everyone of which, sun-flecked and odor-laden, invites to the free, wide expanse of the pleasant country beyond.

You enter the Heath at once from the old Hampstead town, and instantly comprehend that the region and its attractions to Londoners must be considered in three distinct and delicious aspects—its advantages for free and untrammeled recreation; its positive inspiration to painter and poet and excellent uses for the naturalist; and from those blendings and environments of mellow age, tenderest aspect of all, which furnish the idler and dreamer a host of winsome memories. First of all it is a wild and rugged heath and not a park. Dark, wind-bound fir trees hang against sandy ridges where they have for centuries clutched the virgin soil. There are high banks of red sand pierced by rabbit burrows. Ancient ditches and hedges cut each other at sharp angles. Narrow bournes or ravines, their hollowed floors of clear and shining sand, plough the hills in fanciful furrows, providing tiny crags of furze, mounds of verdure and pleasant ways and shade, as if one walked in well-worn ancient water-courses.

Altogether it is a mass of hills scooped into innumerable pits and cavities, threaded with tiny ponds, bayked everywhere, with hardy gorse and mazes of heather, wild flowers and grass, splatched with knots of noble trees, intersected by countless footays, wild and ragged as when the Romans were here, and all seemingly held together by interlacing roadways with rugged sides of rock and sand with pines and furze. Around it is a shining thread of lovely hamlets, stately halls and winsome cottages, all gabled, ivied, old. Within it on gardened hills and blossoming hollows, or at its slumberous edges, where old structures like old folk seem to love to doze in sun and shade, are scores of those quaint and ancient inns, still the most charming heritage of the "merrie England" of long ago; and the whole region is exhilarating from its free, fine uncouthness and the ceaseless breezes sweeping from odorous northern vales, ever inviting to their life-giving dalliance the city millions below, and beating back from these fields of pleasure the pestilential breath of grimy London town. Is it any wonder that the hundreds of thousands of London folk who come here give themselves to unrestrained enjoyment, or that this transition from city woes and wails produces such a joyous delirium to young and old that will hear on Hampstead Heath more ringing almost ecstatic laughter than in any other place in all the world?

Seated beneath the flagstaff which marks the highest elevation of the heath, one can readily understand how the region roundabout has been best beloved of all the near haunts of London naturalists, and why, from the days of Gainsborough and Constable it has furnished the landscape artist's canvas with many of its noblest themes and scenes. It is the one space of England where its greatest city and vast expanse of typical landscape can be contemplated almost at the same glance. Wide open to the wind and sun stretches vale after vale to the southeast and north and west. Your circling view extends into seven English shires. Far in the north can be traced the spire of Hainstop steeple, in Northamptonshire. The Knockholt Beeches in Kent, the hills and downs of Essex, the turrets of royal Windsor in Berks, and a church on the far borders of Oxfordshire are in full view.

Down below old Hampstead, enfogged by the exhalations of hundreds of thousands of chimneys, in the distance its myriad roofs like a plain of broken and seething lava, lies the metropolis of the world, the dome of gray old St. Paul's like a peak of fuseless steel in a measureless, incinerating mass. What mind can grasp the magnitude of human history, of human accomplishment, and of human despair within this single circle of vision!

One is said to always find good company at Hampstead Heath. Yes, even if alone. You can still sit here by the flagstaff with no one to converse with and conjure up a gruesome or goodly company. It was at Hampstead Heath as at Hounslow Heath that the Jacksons, the Duvals, and the Turpins of the sixteenth, seventeenth and eighteenth centuries cut purses, and throats if need be to get them, and made merry as lords at its inns, some of which are here to minister alike to saint and sinner now. Over against the gardens of Wildwood, at the side of Heath Hill road, still stands the ancient gibbet elm. Upon its huge old arms, many centuries old, were hung, when caught, these merry knights of the road.

The same locality, as you stroll towards Spaniard's road, will remind you as you look at the little oriel window of Wildwood house of the saddest year of Lord Chatham's life; the year when the English nation's destinies were trembling in the balance and Chatham shut up here like a monk at penance struggled and prayed to be physically new and whole. It was here that Addison and his friends passed their summer evenings in the gardens of the old "Bell and Bush" tavern. George Steevens, Shakespeare's noted commentator, lived and died at the ancient at the ancient "Upper Flask" inn. Dr. Johnson wrote his "Vanity of Human Wishes" down there at Frognall, in the edge of Hampstead, doubtless spurred to deepest conception of the subject by his giddy wife, who, housed at the Wells, the ancient Hampstead Heath spa, constantly quarrelled with her physician about having her blonde tresses dyed black.

In the grove at Highgate still stands the house in which Samuel Taylor Coleridge lived and died. Richardson lastingly connected his memory with the heath by lodging his heroine, "Clarissa Harlowe," at the Upper Flask inn. Lord Mansfield, who once resided at Caen Wood, used to give dinners to the poor, to from four to five hundred at a time, presenting each guest "with a half crown and a quartern loaf when dinner was over." Lord Erskine once lived near the Spaniard's inn; and the most famous historic inn of the heath, which is still standing, owes much of its noteworthiness to its old-time proprietor inviting the "No-Popery" or Gordon rioters, who, after burning Lord Mansfield's house in Bloomsbury, came to destroy his rural seat at Caen Wood, into his own cellars, where they became so drunk that the rescuing troops drove them like sheep down the Hampstead hills into frenzied London. Dickens utilized the incident in "Barnaby Rudge," and he also brought the immortal Pickwick to Hampstead ponds to pursue his earnest scientific investigations.

Indeed, a goodly volume could be written upon these worthies, whose love of breezy Hampstead Heath has left upon it one of its rarest and sweetest charms. Shelley, Hazlitt and Haydon often met here at the cottage of Leigh Hunt in the Vale of Heath. Pope and Murray were often seen upon the high road from old Hampstead to Highgate, Hornsey and Barnet. Goldsmith found the heath favorable to his muse and sauntered much in its thickets, hollows and rustic lanes. Here John Keats lived and here he wrote "Eve of St. Agnes," "Ode to the Nightingale," and "Endymion," as he sobbed out the closing years of his life before he was taken to Rome to place his ashes near the pyramid of Cestius. The mother of Tennyson died in the fine old avenue of limes, Well Walk; and when the old Wells were noted as a spa the quality, the London "quality" both of purse and intellect, flocked here to drink the waters, to gamble and to flirt. At a later time Thackeray loved to study the folk and their manners at the heath. Dickens and Forster used to "muffle themselves up" for a brisk walk over its wind-swept heights and take "a red-hot chop for dinner with a glass of good wine at Jack Straw's Castle, the Spaniards or other of its fine old inns. After descending Highgate hill from Lauderdale house, the glorious truth of blessed nursery rhyme comes home to us when we see the very spot, now covered by a massive memorial stone, where sat poor Dick Whittington as he listened to the old Bow Bells which rang him back to his city toil to be made "thrice lord mayor of London."

It would be a difficult thing to say just when Hampstead Heath is in its most alluring mood to the visitor. For myself, I most love to sit here and see close upon one hundred thousand folk disporting almost ecstatically within its ruins and hollows, with an abandon and hilarity which for the day seem to utterly dispel the sombre shadows of their near work-a-day world. They are so quickly here from London. The transformation from prisonment to thrilling liberty is so inexpressibly complete; and all the magic of the sun, the wind, the rugged wilderness of the heath, the slumberous splendor of surrounding vales, is so suddenly and powerfully applied, that a sort of physical and spiritual delirium possesses all.

Great, rough fellows from the waterside, from the market booths and from the factories leap and shout and roll in the gorse and sand-like uncaged animals. There is a smile on every woman's face. The children seem to take from the vitalising influences something of the nature of winged birds and to sing and almost fly in their carollings and rompings. The dogs, and there as many dogs as folk at Hampstead Heath, leap and roll and tumble and pirouette and bark with a shrill, panting, shrick of boundless joy, as though the entire enlivening scene was being enacted for their own holiday heaven. And I truly believe if man has ever seen an English holiday resort donkey—that nearest moveable monument to defiance animal life—toss its heels, spread its legs, see-saw its ample ears and give forth a downright roar of laughter, it has been through the irresistible spell of delight which touches all who tarry here.

EDGAR L. WAKEMAN.

IF YOU USE SUNLIGHT YOU'RE RIGHT.

This world-renowned Soap stands at the head of all Laundry and Household Soap, both for quality and extent of sales.

Used according to directions, it does away with all the old-fashioned drudgery of wash day. Try it; you won't be disappointed.

SUNLIGHT SOAP has been in use in Windsor Castle for the past 3 years, and its manufacturers have been specially appointed

SOAPMAKERS TO THE QUEEN

Awarded 11 Gold Medals

AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA:
BECKWITH, THOMPSON & KING,
VICTORIA, B. C.

Unlike the Dutch Process
No Alkalies
—OR—
Other Chemicals
are used in the preparation of
W. BAKER & CO.'S
BreakfastCocoa
which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

What do you want
A Waterproof for?
To Wear in Wet Weather?

Then you want to be sure that it is waterproof and you want the best article that you can get for the money. These chemically treated cloth garments are neither one thing nor the other. Did you ever see one after it had been thoroughly wet and then had dried up to about two sizes smaller.

Currie's Edinburgh Waterproof Coats, Are Just What You Want.

who

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Assistant Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to prospect for coal over 640 acres of land on Graham Island, Queen Charlotte Islands District, described as follows: Section 7, township 5.

PETER RASMUSSEN.
Skidegate, June 14 1893. jy13

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Assistant Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to prospect for coal over 640 acres of land on Graham Island, Queen Charlotte Islands District, described as follows: Section 8, Township 5, Staked June 1st, 1893.

jy13 JNO. FLEWIN.
Fort Simpson, June 20, 1893

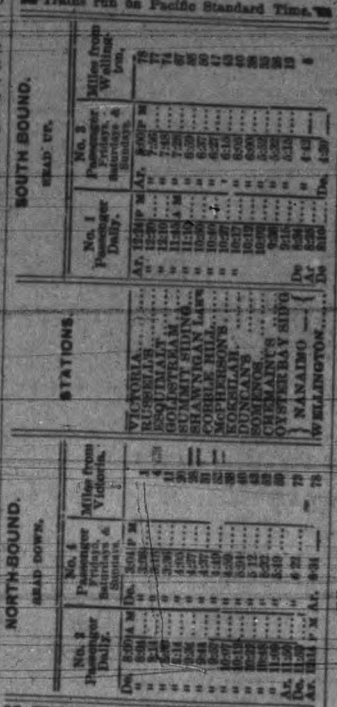
RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 18.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Monday, May 1st, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.



ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED).

TIME TABLE NO. 20,
Taking effect June 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 3 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 15:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 22 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 15 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

DAILY SERVICE BY
—THE—
Great Northern Railway
—TO—
THE WORLD'S FAIR
And All Points East,
Also to Local Points in
WASHINGTON, IDAHO, MONTANA AND DAKOTA.

Entirely New Equipment.
All First-Class Service.
Free Colonist Sleepers.
FINEST TRAINS EVER RUN TO PACIFIC COAST

COAST LINES—
Seattle & Montana Railway,
Fairhaven & Southern Railway,
New Westminster & Southern Railway.

For further information apply to
C. A. RATTRAY, Gen'l Agt., No. 4 Adelphi Block, Government Street, Victoria, B.C.
P. P. SHELBY, Gen'l Mgr., S. & M. Ry., F. & S. Ry., & N.W.S. Ry., Seattle.
H. A. JOHNSON, Div. Pt's & Pass. Agt., Great Northern, Seattle.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 10 A.M.
City of Puebla - - - Aug. 12
R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land; forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance to time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, 46 Third street Victoria.

RAILWAYS.

THE
Northern Pacific
RAILROAD
Is the line to take
TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Two Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of DINING CARS, unsurpassed, PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment, TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and

ELEGANT DAY COACHES

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any Ticket office of this Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent.

Puget Sound and Alaska Division.

SPEED 18 knots	Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."	TONNAGE 1117
8 00 am Lv	...Tacoma...	110 Ar 5 15 am
10 15 am Lv	...Seattle...	32 Lv 3 00 am
1 30 pm Lv	...Ft. Townsend	26 Lv 11 45 pm
4 30 pm Ar	...Victoria...	110 Lv 8 30 pm

Port Townsend Mail Route.

11 00 pm	Lv	28	...Seattle...	Ar	7 pm
12 30 am	Lv	39	...Port Madison	47 Lv	2 10 pm
3 00 am	Lv	45	...Kingston...	41 Lv	
4 00 am	Lv	49	...Port Gamble...	21 Lv	11 00 am
6.00 am	Ar	73	...Port Ludlow...	13 Lv	10 00 am
		86	...Pt. Townsend	30 Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Sunday.
† Daily except Saturday.
‡ Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent
Victoria B. C.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass Agent,
121 First Washington, Portland, Or.

QUICK TIME!!!
TO SAN FRANCISCO
AND
ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,
Via the Mt Shasta Route of the
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The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars
Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations etc., call upon or address

THOS A. GRAHAM
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No. 1119 Pacific Ave., Washington Block
E. P. ROGERS Tacoma, Wash.
Asst. Gen. Pgr. and Pass. Agt.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER
JOAN
J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

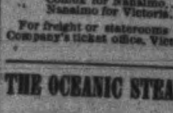
Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 8 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Valdez Island every alternate Thursday at.....7 a.m.
" Returning same day.....
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply, board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria at the Store street.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY



Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street.

For Honolulu,

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,709 tons) Wednesday, August 30, 1893, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer
Monowai.....Thursday, 7th Aug., at 2 p.m.
Or immediately on arrival of the mail train from San Francisco.

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.
General Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

FASTEST TIME
AND
CHEAPEST RATES
TO CHICAGO, ST. PAUL, TORONTO, MONTREAL, NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, AND ALL POINTS IN THE EAST.

Palatial Sleeping and Dining Cars and Magnificent Tourist Cars on all trains.

LOWEST THROUGH RATES made TO EUROPE, via Montreal, Boston, New York, by all steamship lines on the Atlantic.

CANADIAN AUSTRALIAN S. S. LINE.

S.S. MIOWERA leaves on Sept. 16th for Honolulu and Australia. Monthly sailings hereafter.

CANADIAN PACIFIC S. S. LINE.

Empress of Japan, due Aug. 15, leave Aug. 29
" China, " Sept. 5, " Sept. 17
" India, " 26, " Oct. 14

For further information apply at C. P. R. Office, Cor. Government and Port Streets.

GEO. L. COURTNEY.
GEO. McL. BROWN, Agent
Dist. Pass Agent, Vancouver

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Cheap, one horse, harness and light express wagon. Apply to the Victoria Transfer Company, Broughton St. m24-tf

FOR SALE—160 acres of the West Saanich Road, 11 miles from Victoria, 1 mile from Saanich Arm. 50 acres good bottom land, easily cleared. A splendid sheep farm. Good hunting and fishing. A small lake on property. Price $1,600. For particulars apply P. O. Box 194, Union, B.C. fe24-tf

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON. Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER, ARCHITECT. Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT. Has removed to new offices corner of Broad treet and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MUSICAL.

GEO. W. FUGGLE, PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER. Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 75 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 42.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184. jy18

JOHN DOHERTY, GENERAL SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Cos and wood for sale. ap29-1y

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY. Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m. on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary. ja13

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY. The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS. Court Vancouver No. 5735, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. SIDNEY WILSON, Sec. fe13

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary. ja18

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. ja18 A. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 139, G.R.B. Regular convocations first and third Thursdays in every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street, below Fort. Companions cordially invited. E. LAD OLEY, Scribe E. 1-1y

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knight are cordially invited to attend. E. PFERDNER, C. of R. & S. ap8

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join. R. C SMITH secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PIANOS TUNED. JAMES HERIDAN, Of thirty years standing in the City. Pianos, Organs and all kinds of Musical Instruments thoroughly tuned, regulated and repaired. Address—Room 3, Gospel Hall, Oriental Avenue, between Yates and Johnson Streets.

QUEEN'S MARKET. L. GOODACRE. Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS. Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 136

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE. 137 Cormorant Street.

DR. A. C. WEST, Surgeon Dentist, Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C. Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

A. MAXWELL MUIR, ARCHITECT, 93½ Douglas Street.

Notice to Builders.

Having decided to close out my stock of builders' hardware and put in a larger stock of stoves and house furnishing goods I will make a great reduction in prices. See prices below.

Steel cut nails per keg as follows:: 3d, $4.25; 4d, $3.85; 6d, $3.65; 8d, $3.50; 10d, $3.45; 12d, $3.40; 20d, $3.40; 30d, $3.35; 40d, $3.30; 50d, $3.30. 12in. lawn mowers, $4.90; 20in. Disston saws, $1.75; hooks worth $15 per dozen now $10. Balance of stock in this line to be closed out at prices like these. Terms cash.

W. H. PERRY, 42 Johnson Street. a5-2w

NOTICE

Is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its next sitting as a Licensing Court for a transfer to Robert Greaves of my interest in the license issued to Harry Brice and myself for the sale of spirituous and fermented liquors upon the premises known as the "American House" situate upon the south side of Yates street in the City of Victoria. Dated this 7th day of August, 1893. ROBERT DUDGEON. a7-1m

AMUSEMENTS.

Delsarte College of Oratory

FRANCIS JOSEPH BROWN, President, (President of the Elocutionists' Association of Canada.)

Largest and most advanced School of Oratory in Canada.

DEPARTMENTS—School of Voice Culture, School of Physical Culture, School of Dramatic Art.

Fall Term September 12.

For Catalogue address Francis Joseph Brown, care of Y.M.C.A., Toronto, Ont.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

A GOOD LOT FOR SALE—Or would exchange for outside acreage. Address G., Times office. a11-6t

FURNISHED ROOMS to let. Apply 113 Chatham street. a3-tf

TO LET—Whole or part of furnished house to let near sea and car line. Apply L., Times office. a3-1m

WANTED—At once; young girl as general servant. Apply Bennett, 51 South Turner street. au10-4t.

FOR SALE—Two 25 horsepower steam engines. Address Taylor Mill Co, P. O. box 628, City. au9-1m

FURNISHED ROOMS to let. Apply 54 Chatham street. a3-tf

TO LET—The dining room of a central hotel, having a good permanent and transient trade. An excellent opportunity for persons of experience having moderate means. Suitable for a married couple or a lady with grown up daughters. For particulars address H. B., Times office. a3-1m

FOR SALE—At a bargain; choice small farm, 30 acres on South Saanich Road; improved. Good hard finished dwelling house, barns and other outbuildings; good land; orchard of 100 trees; price $3,500, $1500 cash, balance on time for two years at 8 per cent. For particulars apply to Hesterman & Co., 75 Government St. a3-1m

TO LET—Furnished rooms near sea and car line. Apply L., Times office. a3-1m

FOR SALE—Steam yacht "Angerona" of 14 tons burthen; can be seen at Turpel's Ship yard. For particulars apply to Thornton Fell, Langley street. jy31-1m

FOR SALE—Improved farm at Metchosin; 12 miles from Victoria; 50 acres; 10 acres cleared and under cultivation; frame house, chicken house and barn etc. Cheap at $500. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. jy24-tf

FOR SALE—Improved farm, 160 acres, 8 acres cleared; 1 1-2 storey log house and four sheds; near McPherson's Station. Cheap at $1,200. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. jy25-tf

TO LET—5 roomed house off Saanich road, only $7. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. jy25-tf

TO LET—Furnished rooms and board by the day or week. 181 Fort street.

CHEAP FOR CASH glazed window sash. Joseph Sears, 114 Yates St. jy12-1m

FOR SALE—A half interest in Pierre Block; easy terms; good chance for a merchant who is paying rent. For particulars apply at 100 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—A good paying business. Apply E., this office. jy9-tf

Removal Office.

DR. H. D. LEITCH

Office: Williams Block, Opposite Driard; Telephone 429. Residence: 129 Quadra St. Telephone 181.

NOTICE.

The 68th drawing for an appropriation in the Vancouver Island Building Society will be held in Sir William Wallace Society's Hall, Broad street, on Thursday, the 17th inst., at 8 p.m.

See that your shares are not in arrears. By order,

B. WILLIAMS, Secretary. Victoria, B.C., Aug. 10, 1893-td

A. O. F. SPECIAL NOTICE.

The members of the three Courts of the above Order, together with the Juveniles and Companions of the Forest, are requested to meet at the Foresters' Hall, Government street, on Sunday, August 13th, at 2 p.m., for the purpose of attending divine service at Christ Church Cathedral.

All visiting brethren and brethren from the Navy are cordially invited to attend.

The offertory is to go to the widows and orphans of members lost on H. M. S. Victoria. aug.11-2t

THEOSOPHY.

THE REV. W. E. COPELAND, OF TACOMA, Will deliver a course of lectures on Theosophy in the PIONEER HALL, BROAD ST.,

SUNDAY, August 13th, at 7.30 p.m.—Subject, "Theosophy, the Need of the World."

MONDAY, August 14th, at 8 p.m.—Subject, "Sleeping and Waking, or Kama Loca and Devachan."

TUESDAY, August 15th, at 8 p.m.—Subject, "The Bible Interpreted by Theosophy."

ADMISSION FREE. Collections at close of each lecture. au11-3t

FOR THE NORTH

The Steamer BARBARA BOSCOWITZ Carrying Her Majesty's Mails, —WILL SAIL ON— TUESDAY, AUG. 15th, At 6 o'clock p.m.

From Porter's Wharf for Fort Simpson, Naas and way ports. For freight or passage apply to CAPT. J. D. WARREN 22 Trounce Avenue. au11-td

Victoria College

(With which is incorporated "COLLEGE.")

Beacon Hill Park, VICTORIA, B.C.

AUTUMN TERM commences, Monday, September 11th.

For all information apply PRINCIPAL CHURCH, Victoria College, Beacon Hill Park. au2-2w

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THE DAILY TIMES

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At No. 57 Yates street, near Government. Victoria, B. C.

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THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain for $2 00 per annum, paid in advance.

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CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.

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SPECIAL NOTICES, set in minion, the type used for general reading, and placed in reading columns, 25c a line for first insertion and 12 1-2 cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12 1-2 cents for first insertion and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

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Changes of Advertisements.

It is necessary that copy for changes of advertisements (to be sure of insertion) should be handed in on the day previous to that of their appearance.

The Daily Times.

VERY FLATTERING.

Canada seems to have many reasons to feel proud of her share in establishing that peculiar London affair called the Imperial Institute. If Canadians did not realize this fact before they will perhaps be helped to an appreciation of it by the remarks made by a correspondent of the Canadian Gazette, who thus writes:—"I wonder if the authorities at the Imperial Institute are open to a suggestion from one who sincerely wishes to see this symbol of imperial unity fulfil the high destiny that has been mapped out for it on public platforms and in the press. I paid a visit to the Institute the other night, paying my shilling like a true Briton—though the charge, I must say, surprised me—and I found my way to the Strangers' dining-room. The menu was handed me. It was arrayed in all the gorgeous hues of the rainbow. On the cover Britannia was depicted receiving the gifts of her children—typical, I suppose, of the colonial support accorded to the Institute. The West Indies are shown as bringing their pine apples and peaches; the Cape brings her grapes; India her spices; Australasia her wines; and Canada—what does fertile Canada, the home of so many prosperous British settlers, bring? A huge lump of ice. A little boy, rigged out in the thickest of winter snow-blanket coats and tuques, holds up in his woollen mittens a jagged mass of the frozen substance. It may be that the representation was meant as a compliment to Canada during the melting weather of last month, but the compliment is not one that will find much appreciation in the Dominion. Of that I am sure. That block of ice should be promptly melted." Our country is graphically presented to the dining-room patrons of the Institute as a large producer of ice, and what more can we ask of the intelligent managers?

THE FAIR.

The experiment of a summer fair in Victoria has resulted in a very decided failure in point of attendance, and the society could have no hesitation in deciding against its repetition. It is quite likely that if the exhibition had been much more excellent in itself the number of visitors would still have been comparatively small, for the simple reason that formers would find it difficult to leave their farms at this time of the year. But the exhibition, though of an unusually excellent quality so far as it went, could not embrace a wide variety of agricultural products at this season, wherefore it necessarily presented less attraction from an agricultural point of view than a show in the fall. In short, a really good agricultural exhibition cannot be secured in August, and if it were possible it must fail to attract a good many people from various parts of the province. Therefore the time must be changed. At the meeting of the society last evening there was some unfavorable criticism of the tramway service, which Mr. Higgins represents. As to this Mr. Higgins seems to have been misled into the belief that there was a general attempt made to hold his company wholly responsible for the failure. Therein we believe he is mistaken, for all the causes of failure were frankly recognized by different speakers. It is quite possible that the tramway management did the very best it could with the facilities at its command. There are a good many people who judge from their own experience that it might have done better, and there is also a very general opinion that the fare should have been five cents instead of ten. But if the tramway were managed in the best possible way it could not carry to and from the grounds the number of visitors necessary to make the fair a financial success. The simple fact is that the fair should not be so located that visitors are left dependent on a single track tramway for transportation. The primary cause of the trouble is to be found in taking the exhibition so far away from the city when there were no adequate transportation facilities at hand.

The Halifax Chronicle says: "In the skating rink at Charlottetown, on Sept. 10th, 1878, Sir Charles Tupper said: 'All that you have to do is to support the protective policy of Sir John Macdonald in order to obtain a reciprocity treaty with the United States in two years.' The country has supported the protective policy for upwards of fourteen years and still the reciprocity treaty has not materialized. Perhaps a part of the 'private business' on which Sir Charles is coming out to Canada is to discover the whereabouts of the long lost treaty." When Sir Charles comes he will find certain organs of his party trying to prove that the "sixty-five millions market" would be of no use to Canada, and that we therefore do not want reciprocity.

Bradstreet's presents an interesting review of the financial failures in the United States during the first half of this year. This shows that in that period 45 national banks suspended payment permanently or temporarily, owing, as nearly as has been ascertained, about $23,106,000, and reporting $23,429,000 in assets. The number of state banks similarly situated was 72, with $15,865,000 liabilities and $14,599,000 assets; savings banks 20, with $6,170,000 liabilities and $6,462,000 assets; loan and trust companies 4, with $12,765,000 debts and $5,850,000 assets, and 80 private banks and bankers, with liabilities amounting to $9,383,000 and assets to $8,038,000. There were also five mortgage loan and investment companies reported embarrassed, with $1,000,000 of debts and and $420,000 assets, while 8 brokers in securities were forced to suspend, owing $1,003,000 and having assets of $692,000. During the same time there was only one bank failure in Canada, and Canadians have therefore good reason to be thankful for the possession of a superior banking and monetary system.

THE "AGRICULTURAL" SHOW AND THE TRAMWAY SERVICE.

To the Editor: In the Colonist's report of the "Agricultural" Show, published yesterday morning, the following paragraph occurred:

"All the extra cars available were put on the run, and the service was, as far as it went, excellent, good time being kept and quick runs made. The service was by far the best ever given to Victoria."

In your own paper I last evening read: "The street car company handled the crowd just as well as it was possible to do with a single track, and therefore very little inconvenience was experienced."

Imagine my surprise this morning on taking up the Colonist to find ornamenting the column devoted to a report of the annual meeting of the "Agricultural" Society, these words:

"Wretched street car service." "The tramway co. severely censured for lack of enterprise."

Then followed a narration of what took place at the meeting and the silly attempts to shift the responsibility for the failure of the fair from the shoulders of the society to that of the tramway co. Strange to say, among the gentlemen who joined in the hue and cry were the editors of the very papers which only the day before had lauded the tramway service to the skies!

Now, sir, the tramway company have enough sins of their own to answer for without being made a scapegoat for the shortcomings of others. I do not propose to remain silent while the men who are altogether responsible for the collapse at the driving park skulk behind the tram cars to escape that public censure which they have earned by their stupidity. Whoever heard of an agricultural show being held before the fruits of the earth had been harvested or while the agriculturist was busy saving his crops and could not find time to visit the show, let alone being able to exhibit his products before they were produced? As well might Montreal advertise an ice palace in June as Victoria to hold an "agricultural" show in midsummer.

By what process of reasoning it was ever impressed on the minds of the managers of the society that the best time for holding an "agricultural" show is when there is nothing to show will ever be a puzzle to persons who are not admitted to the holy of holies. But that the new managers (in spite of the vehement denunciation of the tramway) are really aware of the true cause of the failure this year is shown by their resolution to hold the next exhibition in September or October.

Now, sir, if the tramway service can be held responsible for the small number of exhibits and the meagre attendance, why not adhere to the policy of the late managers and hold the next show before harvest? There should be consistency even in blundering.

The fact was long ago patent to every sensible person that the exhibition would not be successful if held in what I may term an unnatural season. The few visitors to the fair must have been pained by the spectacle of the empty tables and galleries and the utter absence of life and spirit that characterized the whole outfit. Except for the manufacturers, whose exhibits were far and away ahead of all their previous efforts, and the stock-raisers, whose cattle were magnificent, there was scarcely anything worth talking about. Feathered bipeds were moulting and would not have been presentable at this season, even if they had been allotted space in the yard, which for some accountable cause they were not. I do not exaggerate when I say that nearly every visitor with whom I have conversed acknowledged to a feeling of disappointment and chagrin at having come so far to see so little.

The responsibility for the failure lies with the management in selecting the wrong season for the exhibition. The abuse of the tramway company is as contemptible as it is unjust—contemptible because it is indulged in to cover the faults of the management; unjust, because both the public journals have declarded the service to be (what it really was) the best ever given in Victoria.

D. W. HIGGINS

THERE MAY BE A ROW.

Proceedings at the Orange Grand Lodge Meeting.

MESSRS. WALLACE AND BOWELL.

The Stifling of Independent Opinion Among the Subordinate Lodges—John White's Connection With the Order.

(Correspondence of the Times.)

Ottawa, Aug. 6.—The grand Orange lodge of British North America has just finished its business at Sault Ste. Marie, where it held its annual meeting this year. There are two or three points in connection with the meeting which are worthy of reference, as the last probably has not been heard of the same. In the first place Controller Clarke Wallace is grand master and sovereign of the order. Upon him devolves the duty of delivering an annual address to the brethren in lodge assembled. It will be within the memory of Times readers that he distinguished himself at Kingston last year by uttering words which were considered by many, even within the circle of the order, to be of a disloyal character. This while referring to the question of Irish home rule. Bro. Wallace declared the advisability of resisting home rule and of giving active aid to the Ulster brethren to do so. The result of all this was that the matter was brought up in parliament by Mr. Casey. Mr. Wallace was equal to the occasion, and repeated in the house what he had said outside of it. Then Mr. Dawson of Addington, an Orangeman moved a vote of censure on Mr. Wallace and the row commenced. Mr. Foster was not perfectly plain as to whether the resolution was a vote of censure directed against the government or not. When appealed to he said that those who voted for it were no friends of the government. Despite this Hon. John Costigan and Mr. Curran both voted against Wallace. There was some talk of Mr. Costigan resigning the next day, but a hurried council meeting settled the matter. No one who knew Mr. Curran would imagine that he would resign. It took him too many long years groveling at the door of the ministry to get a seat near the cabinet, and even now he is content with a chair outside the chamber.

But coming to the meeting of the Orange lodge of this year. Mr. Wallace in his address said that it was the intention of the Dominion government to appeal the Manitoba school question from the Supreme Court to the Privy Council. As the case has not yet been finally placed before the Supreme Court, but will be in a few days, it is therefore likely that the farce will be continued as long as there is any court to go to. Touching the question of home rule, Mr. Wallace once more said that the time had come for the brethren of Canada to give active aid to the brethren in Ulster. Later on a resolution was passed to this effect:

Bro. Mackenzie Bowell, seconded by Bro. J. W. Bell, of Addington, moved: "That in order to give practical effect to the recommendations of the committee of correspondence, the cordial sympathy and active support of the grand lodge be extended to our Ulster brethren in their efforts to show the disastrous effects which would result from the passage of the home rule bill; that the secretary be instructed to forward at the earliest possible moment a circular to each private lodge containing an extract from said report showing the view taken by the grand lodge on this subject, and solicit subscriptions from each lodge in aid of the Ulster union fund, said contribution to be forwarded to the grand secretary for transmission to the proper person in Ireland, to be used for the purposes of said loyal Irish patriotic union, and that the financial committee of this grand lodge be instructed to report funds to the extent of $500 for this fund." The resolution was adopted unanimously.

The fact of Mr. Bowell, who is now acting premier, moving this motion is freely commented on here. As the acting premier of the Dominion Mr. Bowell represents Sir John Thompson, and it is scarcely possible that as such he would move a resolution of the above character. Nevertheless it is difficult for Mr. Bowell to divest himself of this capacity. It does seem somewhat strange—although it illustrates well the character of the combination which now administers the affairs of Canada—to see the acting premier of the Dominion move such a resolution, while some of the other members of the cabinet are endeavoring to get Sir John Thompson to call upon Edward Blake before returning and thank him for his efforts to obtain home rule for Ireland. There is every likelihood of this question being once more brought up in parliament. But Bro. Bowell has nothing to fear, since he is safe in the senate.

It was not enough for the grand Orange lodge to pass a resolution approving of the stand taken by the grand master in parliament, but it also put on record a strong resolution unanimously condemning the passing and publication of hasty and ill-considered resolutions by primary, district and county lodges, reflecting on the conduct of brethren and officers of the association. This was followed by a resolution, also passed unanimously, declaring that the grand master should withdraw the warrants of lodges publishing such resolutions in the future, and refer the facts to the next meeting of the grand lodge.

So that in future it will always be in order for the primary lodge to congratulate Bro. Wallace on the promotion which Sir John Thompson may give him, but should either he or Bro. Bowell vote in favor of restoring separate schools in Manitoba, then the primary lodges dare not object. This is liberty of thought and action with a vengeance. Talk of being priest-ridden! The Orange grand lodge has at last proved itself what almost every one knew it was before, that it is nothing at all if not a political institution under the guise of something else.

Speaking of the grand lodge reminds me that Mr. John White, ex-M. P., who had charge of the Orange bill in the house of commons, was here this week. Mr. White was true to the order and refused to withdraw the bills to please Clarke Wallace and two or three other politicians. What was the result? At the next meeting of the grand lodge he was deposed. Nor since then has Mr. White ever been heard of in the order. And why? Because he was an Orangeman first and a politician afterwards. For all that Mr. White leaves behind a record in the house, were it on this question alone, which secured for him the respect and good will of those who have no sympathy at all with the Orange institution.

Mr. White has just returned from British Columbia, where he has been for some time managing the business of the Toronto Lumber and Milling Co., which started at Sidney, within 16 miles of Victoria, last summer. The company have already placed a good deal of lumber on the market. He says that times in British Columbia are very dull, the depression in the United States affecting the province to a large extent. Owing, however, to its great natural resources it would pick up quickly. Once the Nicaragua canal was completed British Columbia would be the most progressive and wealthy of all the provinces. It is Mr. White's intention to leave British Columbia and take up his residence permanently in the Northwest Territories. He is now arranging for the machinery to place in a new saw mill at a point north of Calgary, say Edmonton or Battle River, and along with his two sons he intends going into lumbering operations there. He expects to have the mill in running order by next spring.

SLARTOWN.

BRICKS.

To the Editor: In reading your report of the special meeting of the city council held Friday, 11th inst., it struck me most forcibly that some members of the said council were not acting in the fair and open manner which as servants of the public they are bound to do. While pleading that the financial state of the city will not allow the expenditure of money for the keeping of our principal streets in proper repair, or even in a cleanly condition, while reducing the hard-earned salaries of the teachers of our public schools, the council are willing to lavishly waste the people's money by accepting a tender which is not the lowest for the construction of one of the surface drains. It is certainly the duty of the corporation to secure the construction of all municipal work at as low a figure as is possible, provided foreign labor is not employed, but in this case there seems to be a "nigger in the fence." Is the nigger a brick one? If "Tammany" is to rule our municipal affairs the city of Victoria is doomed. The city should rise and demand disinterested representation; justice, not partiality, and the banishment of all personalities from the council board.

Yours, ARGO.

General American Dispatches.

Boston, Aug. 12.—Soon after the death of Lawrence Barrett, the actor, it was announced that his estate was involved in the failure of an American exchange in Europe, with which Henry A. Gillig was identified. Ever since Barrett's death, negotiations have been going on towards a settlement. The assignee of the exchange has made an offer to compromise and the executors of the Barrett estate will petition the probate court of Norfolk county for leave to accept the proposition.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 12.—The Santa Fe men at Frontenac and Chicopee will go to work on Monday morning. This will practically end the strike of coal miners, as other companies will have to meet the prices offered by the Santa Fe Co., which is an advance of a quarter of a cent a bushel, and a gain of five pounds a bushel in weight to the miner.

Pittsburg, Aug. 12.—About three hundred members of the Western Pennsylvania division of the G. A. R. met last night in the city hall and passed resolutions condemning Secretary Hoke Smith's attitude in respect to the pension question, and asking for a more liberal interpretation of the pension laws. Only members having the countersign were admitted. Resolutions were drawn up by Judge Small, and are understood to be of a dignified character. After they were unanimously passed it was given to Department Commander Sample who will present them to the national encampment at Indianapolis in September.

Osage, I. T., Aug. 12.—Mrs. Webber, a handsome young widow, has been arrested here on a charge of horse stealing. She was an associate of the notorious Belle Starr, and is believed to have commanded the remnant of the gang.

Cincinnati, Aug. 12.—This morning a scaffold on the new building of the gas company at the west end fell, carrying with it nine workmen, Mike Quigley, Ed. Drant, Joseph McCarthy, bricklayers, being fatally injured. John Abraham, superintendent of construction, and the other workmen were seriously hurt.

Chicago, Aug. 12.—Nelson, Morris & Co., a large fertilizing and beef packing establishment at 43rd street and Centre avenue, was burned this morning. Loss heavy.

Terre Haute, Ind., Aug. 12.—The Prairie City Bank (private) of this city made an assignment this morning to B. V. Marshall, who as yet has made no statement of the assets and liabilities.

Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 12.—The People's Bank of Louisburgh failed to open this morning. This suspension is due to the suspension of the First National and American National Banks of Nashville. Constant drain by depositors and failure to collect are the causes.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Best Blood Purifier, LANGLEY'S Sarsaparilla

NOTHING WAS DONE.

The Assertion of Ald. Baker About the City Engineer Explained.

Beyond what was given in the Times last evening the council did little in the surface drainage matter or the assertion which was made by Ald. Baker in regard to the action of City Engineer Wilmot in informing Coughlan & Mayo that they were wrong in their calculations.

Continuing the discussion Ald. Munn said that the tender was not in any kind of form. It was hard to make out and he believed that were it offered at the public works department at Ottawa it would be rejected.

Assistant Engineer Parr here appeared before the board. He made a full statement of the Coughlan & Mayo incident, corroborating what his chief had said. Coughlan & Mayo had not seen the plans or tracings, the latter being incomplete, and were making their calculations on their own ideas. The other sewer plans called for two rings and Mr. Wilmot had said that if he (Parr) saw Mr. Mayo he might tell him. He went to the school reserve where the firm were doing some work but did not see either of them. In the meantime Mr. Mayo called at the office and Mr. Wilmot spoke to him. Coughlan & Mayo, he stated, in answer to Ald. Baker, had not been given any advantage when the printed forms were given out. Mr. Parr believed tenders should not be called until plans and tracings were ready but in this instance they had not been ready. There was nothing secret or underhanded about the matter at all.

Messrs. Parr and Wilmot were then excused and the explantions were evidently accepted as sufficient for nothing more was said.

Ald. Miller had a little discussion with the mayor, claiming that at the meeting on Wednesday he had read different figures on the contract than he did then. No action was taken beyond adjournment until Monday night when it is understood Ald. Baker will bring in a motion to affix the corporate seal to the contracts as they were awarded on Wednesday.

Alderman Bragg has posted a notice on the bulletin board at the city hall announcing that he will at the next meeting of the council move that the city clerk be instructed to affix the corporate seal to contracts with Coughlan & Mayo for the construction of James Bay No. 1 drain for $9,147.70 and with H. H. McDonald for Spring Ridge drain for $9,784.

VERY FEW WILL FILL.

Most of the Northern Canners Will Have Very Small Packs.

The Rivers Inlet canneries are the only ones in the north that will have a full pack this season. The three canneries at that place have already full packs. The Rivers Inlet put up 13,000 cases, the Victoria 13,000 and the Warnock 10,000. At Lowe's Inlet 9,000 cases have been put up and the fishermen are still out. The Royal Canadian is the only cannery on the Skeena still running. They had 10,000 cases put up when the Louise left. At Alert Bay Mr. Spencer had put up but 2000 cases. The Naas canneries are all running still. They had 2000 cases each.

The Louise arrived from the north last night with the foregoing news. She called at Vancouver on the way down and landed some salmon for the C. P. R. She also brought 4000 empty cases from Fraser river canneries. A number of Indians and Chinamen who have been working in the north came home.

Russell & McDonald's
134 Douglas street.

Blank Books.

A large assortment extra bound at moderate prices. J. Johnston & Co.

American News.

Lincrusta Walton and Lignomur for wall decorating, a perfect imitation of carved wood, at Weiler Bros.

To Hunt for Gold.

Hans Helgesen and William Ray of Metchosin left a week ago for British Guiana in search of gold. They received information some time ago which led them to believe that they will strike a good thing. Mr. Helgesen is a well-known farmer of Saanich and has had a good deal of experience in mining.

Suicide at Seattle.

Mrs. Sol Asher, wife of a musician at Cordray's theatre, Seattle, committed suicide on Thursday night because she feared her husband neglected her for other women. She was evidently demented. Mr. Asher was known here, having been in Victoria several times, the last time with the Siberia company. He married in Oregon and his wife was quite young.

Work of the Y. M. C. A.

There will be a meeting this evening at the Y. M. C. A. of the members, directors and ladies who are assisting in the preparations for the coming convention. There are still some 60 delegates who have not yet been assigned to rooms, and every effort must be put forth to secure them quarters. The rooms are to be decorated and put in nice order for the reception of delegates. Collations will be served every day. The latter will be prepared by the ladies of the Presbyterian and Baptist churches on Thursday, the ladies of the Methodist church on Friday, and Saturday's spread will be in the hands of the ladies of the Episcopal churches. Monday evening another meeting will be held to complete arrangements.

At Russell & McDonald's
Sample albums half price.

National Business College,

47 Government street, Victoria, B. C. Best methods taught in bookkeeping, penmanship, arithmetic, shorthand, typewriting, correspondence, etc. Day and night school. Circulars free.

The Danube Returns.

The steamer Danube returned this morning from Portland, where she went with a number of Chinamen and a cargo of freight ex the Empress of India. Of the 73 Chinamen taken over 44 were allowed to land, the rest being brought back. They will be taken to Vancouver and shipped back to China.

Prohibition Clubs.

Rev. Thomas Haddon, acting under instructions from the provincial prohibition club committee, has called a general meeting for organizing and for the election of officers to be held in the Y. M. C. A. building, Vancouver, on Tuesday, the 15th instant, at 10 a.m. Temperance workers everywhere are requested to be present.

The Conservatory of Music.

There will be no formal vacation at the Conservatory of Music this summer, as Miss Adams has decided to continue the course of studies, both vocal and instrumental, throughout the season. In the former branch, Mrs. Laird's contract having expired, her position will be filled by a thoroughly qualified teacher, capable of teaching sight singing and giving class lessons.

Death of Miss McDonald.

Miss McDonald, late superintendent of the Presbyterian Home for Indian Girls at Alberni and sister of Rev. J. A. McDonald the missionary there, died of consumption on Aug. 1, at Carleton Place, Ont. She suffered from the disease for some time, going east in June to improve her health. All efforts for improvement were unavailing and she passed away. The remains were interred at Carleton Place.

Charged With Vagrancy.

Robert Hasketh, Albert H. Miles and George Rogerson were before Police Magistrate Macrae this morning, all charged with vagrancy. After a partial hearing they were remanded until Monday at the request of Chief Sheppard, who desires to look further into the records of the accused. Their cases were the only ones on the docket in police court this morning. Next week will be a busy one for the magistrate as the revenue by-law infraction cases have to be settled.

A Successful Enterprise.

Since the Chinese cooks were replaced by Germans, the cash business of "The Vienna," Yates street, has more than quadrupled, proving that German cooking is appreciated by Victorians. Prices remain the same, viz: Lunch from 12 to 2 p.m. at 35 cents; with pint of beer, 50 cents; dinner from 5:30 to 8 p.m., at 50 cents; with wine, 75 cents. Meals a la carte at all hours up to 8 p.m. Meal tickets at reduced prices. Charles Eissner, formerly with Delmonico, New York, manager.

Comox is Prosperous.

Louis Casey, of the firm of King & Casey, is back from a two months' trip to Comox and the north end of the Island. He spent some time at Read Island getting out logs sold by the firm to the Hastings Mill Co. Comox, he says, is the busiest section in the province at the present time. The coal mines are being worked full time and the farmers have had a very prosperous year and the two have combined to benefit local business. There will be a great deal of hay and farm produce shipped from Comox.

Free and Easy.

The meeting last evening of the Sir William Wallace society was well attended. Four Highland pipers contributed to the programme of the evening's entertainment. Several recitations and readings were given. Amongst the gems of Scottish songs rendered was "The Bonnie Banks o' Loch Lomond," which is always a favorite at all Scottish performances. The reel of Tullochgorum was danced with great glee by four sturdy, nimble Highlanders. Next Friday evening several visitors from among the marines at Esquimalt are expected to be present to witness "Jacky Tar" and the sailors' hornpipe.

Passengers for 'Frisco.

The steamer City of Puebla sailed for San Francisco this morning. She took the following cabin passengers from Victoria: Mrs. L. Black, Miss R. Shearer, Miss M. Abernethy, Mrs. T. Martindale, J. P. Oliver, L. Gilroy, Dr. Henderson, J. A. Thomas, J. Martin, J. Kaye, W. A. Chisholm, D. C. Favour, P. Van Raendonck, E. Berwick, D. Ross, Mrs. Westcott, Miss K. Crosswaithe, Mrs. D. Bixter, Mrs. M. Hyde, Mrs. D. Bostonbury, Miss A. Slaughter, Miss Rogers, Miss Angus, E. C. Laybourne, J. P. Brooks, Thomas C. Martindale, Rev. A. L. Rubira, E. Koster and wife, W. N. McLean and wife, Miss Brunck, Miss Muller, John Hastie, wife and family.

Madame Laird.

Having resigned her position at the Conservatory of Music, has opened a studio for instruction in vocal music at her residence, 161 Vancouver, street, corner of Pandora.

To Painters and Others.

Lead, oil, colors, mixed paints, etc., at Shore's hardware store, 57 Johnson street.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

What is Going on Among the Fraternal Orders of the City.

WORK OF THE INSTITUTE.

Seghers Council, No. 85, will meet for the transaction of regular business next Monday evening. Several candidates are to be initiated. The various amendments to the constitution which will be proposed by this council, will be adopted, and then forwarded to the committee on laws and supervision of the grand council, who will present them before the ninth grand council. This will be the last meeting the delegates can attend before their departure for Marysville. They will leave here on Aug. 27. The delegates who will attend are F. J. Sehl and D. McDougall. The Rev. J. A. Van Nevel, grand first vice-president, will accompany them. British Columbia will be represented at the grand council by twelve delegates. The council in Washington have been written to to request their delegates to leave with the ones from British Columbia on the same boat for San Francisco.

I. O. G. T.

The officers of Liberty lodge, No. 16, I. O. G. T., of Esquimalt, were installed on Thursday evening. They were as follows: C. T., Sister Jenkins; V. T., Bro. Hughes; S. J. T., Sister Jenkins; Chaplain, Bro. Bailey; P. C. T., Bro. Johnson; Secretary, Sister Williams; Assistant Secretary, Bro. Phillips; Marshal, Bro. Coombes; Deputy Marshal, Sister Oliver. Sister Jenkins was elected representative to the grand lodge, Brother Phillips, alternate. Brother Gilchrist was recommended for lodge deputy.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

CRICKET.

VICTORIA VS. VANCOUVER.

The Vancouver and Victoria club teams are playing at the Caledonia grounds today, and the Victoria team is very much ahead so far. The Vancouver men went first to bat, making the small score of 45. Sewell, 9; Mahon, 7; and Clinton, 7, were the highest figures. Seven wickets went to Hornby and three to Harff. The Victorias at 3.30 had scored 118, of which Smith by fine batting had contributed 49 before he was caught out. Hornby made 17 and Holt and 24 to his credit, with the promise of a good many more.

THE OAR.

MCLEAN'S BAD MISTAKE.

Chicago, Aug. 12.—Champion James Stansbury of Australia, beat Charles Stevenson and Alex. McLean by a half a boat length in to-day's three mile race at Lake Calumet. The time was 19:54. The crowd was small. Stansbury caught the water first and started out at a fast pace. The three men rowed on nearly equal terms for the first half mile, but McLean was first to the buoy, followed by Stansbury. McLean made a bad mistake and failed to turn his flag by a hundred yards. With this advantage he came on and lasted long enough to win by half a length, but was disqualified and placed third. The men will row again today in a three mile and also in a one mile race. Plaisted will join them.

CANOEING.

CLUB CRUISE.

The steamer Mischief not having a passenger license was unable to take the canoeists to Peddar Bay to-day. Those who intended to go, therefore paddled up to the head of the Arm and portaged over to Esquimalt, and the yachts sailed around.

YACHTING.

CUP DEFENDER TRIALS.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 12.—The Colonia was posted here this morning for winner in the cup defender's class. It is claimed by others that the Vigilant is the winner, having, it is said, arrived at 2:30. The Volunteer won in the schooner class. The run to-day will be to Cottage City, where the fleet will spend Sunday, and a fleet meeting and informal reception of captains of the fleet will take place on board the flagship in Vineyard harbor on Sunday. Interest in the cup races is now deferred until the Astor cup races, the first of which will take place on Wednesday, August 16th, with others on the following Thursday and Friday if necessary. There are two cups offered, both for sloops. The start will be at 1:30 p.m. and entries will be received on board the May up to 8 a.m. on the day of the first race.

CRICKET.

TO PLAY AT TACOMA.

The first eleven of the Albions left for Tacoma last evening. They will play the Tacoma eleven this afternoon a league match. Those who went over are: F. W. Thomas, W. Savory, F. G. Fowkes, Conrad Schwengers, A. W. Taylor, P. D. Goepel, J. P. Falls, A. A. Green, F. A. Pauline, J. Earsman and H. J. Martin.

LAWN TENNIS.

THE COMPLETE ENTRIES.

Following are the complete entries for the tournament of the Victoria Lawn Tennis Club, which begins next week:

Gentlemen's open singles: H. B. Le Fami (bye); F. B. Ward (bye); L. Martineau (bye); J. D. Foulkes (bye); G. Y. Moggridge (bye); W. W. Ferris (bye); F. J. Coulthard (bye).

R. B. Punnett vs. C. R. Longe.
G. V. Cuppage vs. E. G. W. Davy.
R. Musgrave vs. Hurd.
L. Crease (bye); G. Johnson (bye); W. C. Chayton (bye); L. Pelly (bye); E. A. Jacob (bye); R. E. Barkley (bye).

GENTLEMEN'S OPEN DOUBLES.

G. E. Parkes and W. H. Langley (bye).
E. G. W. Davy and A. Y. Moggridge (bye).
R. B. Punnett and S. F. Morley vs. R. Musgrave and R. E. Barkley.
C. R. Longe and C. J. Prior vs. G. V. Cuppage and J. P. Foulkes.
W. C. Chayton and H. B. Le Fami vs. G. Johnston and F. B. Ward.
F. J. Coulthard and W. English vs. C. Gambie and R. Harvey.
E. A. Jacob and L. Martineau vs. L. Pelly and Hurd.
W. A. Ward and R. S. P. Hornby (bye).

Odd Fellow's Excursion.

The steamer Islander left for Seattle this morning with the Odd Fellows' excursion aboard, and she had about all the passengers she could carry. The canton marched to the steamer headed by the city band. All were aboard and ready at 7 o'clock, and the steamer went out promptly on time. The Islander was due in Seattle at 12:30, and the visitors were to have been met at the wharf by the Seattle canton and escorted to the Grand hotel to hear an address of welcome and partake of some refreshments. The steamer will leave Seattle about 8 o'clock this evening, and will hardly be here before 1 o'clock to-morrow morning.

At Russell & McDonald's
24-inch black velvet, 50 cents per yard; plushes in all colors and shades from 50 cents to $2 per yard; velveteens, all colors and shades, 50 cents to 75 cents per yard.

Spencer's Arcade

FIRST SHIPMENT OF NEW GOODS, PURCHASED BY MR. C. SPENCER.

1 Case Colored and Black Velvets,
All the Latest Shades.

1 Case Madras Muslins
For Window Curtains; very handsome. An assortment of other WINDOW MUSLINS.

3 Cases Chenille Curtains
And
Chenille Table Covers
To match all the Latest Shades and Styles.

D. SPENCER, Proprietor.

Victoria's Midsummer Exhibition

At Agricultural Hall, Aug. 7th to Aug. 12th, INCLUSIVE.

Band Concert To-Night!

Admission 25 cents.

JNO. LAMBERTON, Superintendent.

A. J. DALLAIN, Acting Secretary, 32 Government St. at Office of B. C. Paper Mf'g Co.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Tickets for the tennis tournament are selling very rapidly.

—E. E. Sheppard, of Toronto, is about to establish a paper in Winnipeg similar to the Saturday Night.

—Edward Holmes, the pedestrian, has reached Banff and is pushing through to the coast. He left Winnipeg on July 1.

—Several Indian canoes brought in big loads of salmon from Beechy Bay yesterday. The Indians report a plentiful supply.

—John White, of this city, now on his way east, is having machinery built for a new mill which he will put in either at Edmonton or Calgary.

—The steamer Willapa, with the Foresters' excursion from Seattle aboard, arrived here at 3.30 this afternoon. She brought quite a large party, who will spend the day and evening seeing the sights. The visiting Foresters were met by delegates from the local lodges.

—Staff Captain Nellie Banks, who did so much to establish the Salvation Army in this province, and who was believed to be ironclad against the very idea of marriage, has at last succumbed, says a Halifax paper. She is to marry Ensign Maltby, well known in the provinces, and about the last man that would be thought of as her husband.

—"Mr. Davis, trader, of Peace river, generally known as Twelve-Foot Davis, arrived from the Landing to-day, on his way to Victoria, B. C.," says the Edmonton Bulletin. "Mr. Davis has traded on Peace river for over 20 years, coming and going by way of Rocky Mountain Portage. This is his second trip by Edmonton. His fur is also coming out this way."

A Small Blaze.

There was a small blaze in the tent and sail loft of Capt. A. H. Burns on Wharf street at 11 this morning. It was seen by Thomas Hodges, who gave the alarm. The flames were easily extinguished and the damage will be light. A cigar stub is supposed to have started the fire.

is not only the one, who, when she sees the beneficial effects of such a pure soap as **BABY'S OWN** on her own baby's skin, exclusively adopts it for all toilet purposes, but observes also that she is not imposed upon by any of the worthless imitations grocers will tell her are "just as good."

THE ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO., MONTREAL.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia. No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

At Russell & McDonald's
Cashmeres, serges and whipcords from 25 cents per yard.

Special Notice.

Parties having card plates can have cards printed direct from the plates for $1.50 per hundred; engraved and copper plate supplied together with 100 cards for $2.50.

Time Makes Changes.

But the most important change time has recently made is in substituting the weekly wage for that of the piecework system, whereby suits are made at enormous reductions by Geo. R. Jackson, 57 Government street, Five Sisters block.

Black Currants.

Free from worms, rhubarb, fresh vegetables and a full line of groceries, at Mrs. P. Wilson's, 185 Douglas street.

General Dispatches.

Guadalajara, Mex., Aug. 12.—There is much excitement among the people living in the State of Colima over the eruption of the volcano of Colima, which has been in a state of activity for several days. Severe earthquake shocks which were felt here have been accompanied by eruptions. The farmers living in the valley at the base of the volcano have sought places of refuge, and fears are entertained that their growing crops will be destroyed.

ELECTRIC LOCOMOTIVE.

Will Make Over Thirty Miles an Hour Hauling Passengers and Freight.

The first electric locomotive of any considerable size in the United States, and the first practically operative high speed electric locomotive in the world, adapted to the steam railroad, has recently been completed at the Lynn works of the General Electric company, and will shortly be exhibited at the World's Fair. Its completion marks a distinct advance in electrical development. It is a thirty-ton locomotive, primarily intended for passenger and light freight traffic on less important steam roads. It is of compact construction, solidly and substantially built, and runs on four forty-four-inch wheels. Its dimensions are:—Sixteen feet 6 inches long, 11 feet 6 inches high, 8 feet 4 inches broad, having its draw bars 2 feet 4 inches from top of rail, the Manhattan Elevated railroad standard height. The draw-bar pull is calculated at 12,000 pounds.

The propelling power is furnished by two electric motors of especial design and construction, each axle being provided with one motor. The motors are gearless, and are supported on spiral springs resting on the side frames of the locomotive truck. This method of suspension leaves the wheels free to adjust themselves to the irregularities of the road bed, and consequently the wear to both tracks and motors is diminished.

The motors are controlled by means of a series parallel controller, set up in the interior of the cab. The device embodies all the latest improvements made by the general electric company. Under test it is found that the series parallel controller allows of a more gradual and easier starting of the electric motor, and the speed can be more delicately and instantaneously controlled than in the case of the steam locomotive.

The truck, suspended from the journal boxes, is constructed of heavy I-beams, and forms the foundation for the locomotive cab of sheet iron, of symmetrical design, and so curved off as to diminish the atmospheric resistance as far as possible. The interior is finished in hard wood. The sliding doors are placed at each side of the cab, and the windows are so arranged at to permit of an unobstructed view in all directions. There is ample space in the cab for the motorman's movements, and it affords him considerably better protection than the usually vouchsafed the steam locomotive engineer.

This locomotive has been designed for a normal speed exceeding 30 miles per hour. The use of these locomotives over very long distances is at present limited only by the cost of long lines of electric feeders, and until the problem offered by this condition is solved restriction of its employment must necessarily exist. But for places comparatively near each other and where traffic is dense (the denser the better), the electric locomotive is peculiarly adapted, for all the advantages of electric propulsion are available, unhampered by the extreme expense involved in long feeder lines.

The evolution of the use of the electric locomotive will probably follow along the lines dictated by expediency and favoring conditions. At first they will probably be used in elevated railroad service, and in New York, Brooklyn and Chicago their use will be hailed with a feeling of deep gratitude. They will then probably be adopted as feeders to the trunk lines both for freight and passenger traffic, and to operate short suburban lines where a rapid efficient service is requisite. Their peculiar fitness for switching purposes still advance another step, and then slowly, as the different problems presented are overcome, they will invade the province of the trunk line locomotive, and the millenium of railroad travel will be within the realities of life.—Iron Age.

Resolution and Revenge.

The latest of the new British line of battleships, the Resolution, is now ready for commission, and her sister ship, the Revenge, is also practically complete for service. The Resolution is forty feet longer, is five feet broader and has 3,680 tons more displacement than the ill-fated Victoria. She is built entirely of steel and her hull is divided into 220 water-tight compartments. There is a double bottom extending throughout the engine room, boiler and main magazine spaces. The engine and boilers are separated by longitudinal bulkheads, extending the whole length of the magazine space. The boats, of which there are 21, including two 56-feet torpedo boats, are stowed amidships. The barbetts project through the upper deck a few feet, and the four-inch guns on the main deck are placed in casemates, protected by armor plates six inches thick. Four 67-ton breech-loading guns constitute the main armament, and there are also ten nine three-pounder quick-firing guns, two nine three-pounder quick-firing guns, two nine-pounder R. M. L. field guns, eight 45-inch five-barrelled guns and seven torpedo tubes, four on the broadside, one at the stern and two submerged. The total weight of the main armament is 1,410 tons, and the weight of the auxiliary armament is 500 tons. When used as a flagship, the Resolution will have a complement of over 700 officers and men.

Transmission of Sound.

Some remarkable instances are related of the conducting power of the electric wire. One story was told by a well known New York lawyer. He was sitting in his parlor when the telephone in his library rang. His wife, who had a better "telephone voice" than he, answered the call for him. After giving the usual "hello, yes," etc., she turned and called to her husband, "It is Mr. X., and he—" "He ants to ascertain," said her husband. "He wants to ascertain," said her go on with the Brown case, and says that he will be ready on Wednesday." "Why, how do you know?" said his wife, in surprise. "I can hear him talking to you," he answered. His wife could hardly believe this, but when her husband went to the telephone to speak to the other lawyer, she left the room and found that she could hear every word of their conversation. An interesting example of the transmission of sound recently came to a New York Tribune writer's attention. He called up the signal service bureau to ask for some data about the weather records. The signal service official went to examine his records, and while the writer was waiting he noticed that the sound of a ticking telegrapher's instrument somewhere in the rooms of the weather bureau was coming over the telephone wire with remarkable distinctness. He called to one of the telegraph operators and asked him if he could receive the message which was arriving in the weather bureau. The operator placed the telephone receiver to his ear and held it there for a moment. Then he translated the message correctly in every detail, as was proved by the information given immediately afterward by the weather bureau official. This case of the sound of the telegrapher's instrument being so distinctly transmitted by telephone as to permit its translation in another building is remarkable, for the clicking is extremely delicate in its variations, and the slightest defect in the transmission, so to speak, would blur the sound to an indistinguishable degree.

THE HOLY CITY.

Impressions of a Visitor to Jerusalem—Oriental Uncleanliness.

First impressions of Jerusalem are probably nearly always unfavorable. The streets are mere lanes, filthy beyond conception, the houses are low, and for the most part better fitted to be stables than places of abode for human beings. Stores and shops, with few exceptions, are as unattractive as the streets. What is there here to see or to lead people to desire Jerusalem as a place of residence? The Mahommedan quarter is the cleanest, that of the Jews the foulest, that of the Christians a sort of compromise, in sanitary matters, between the two. We are told that the city has improved during the last ten years, and is now comparatively healthy. Many of the streets are roughly paved. Attempts at drainage have been made, but the offer of Baroness Burdett-Coutts to pay for the bringing of good water into the city was hampered by so many conditions and called for so much backsheesh for officials as to make it impossible for her to carry out her intentions. The city might easily be clean. Evidently its inhabitants have a fondness for dirt, which leads them to rejoice in its presence. If cleanliness is next to godliness there is little godliness within the walls of the Holy City.

The population of the city is hardly so great as is often reported. From authentic sources, as authentic as there can be where an official census is not taken, we learn that within and without the walls there are about 47,000 people, 27,000 of them Jews. In the whole land there are not more than 45,000 Jews, instead of the 52,000 said to be living in and near Jerusalem. The city walls inclose about 250 acres. The temple area occupies 36 acres, the Armenian building on Mt. Zion about 11 acres, the ruins of the Muristan or the buildings of the Knight Templars, the Church of the Holy Sepulchre, and other churches, synagogues and mosques, nearly or quite as much more, so that it is safe to say that at least one-fourth of the enclosure is uninhabitable. We know very well how closely the Orientals crowd together, but it is hardly possible that there should be 40,000 people within the walls of the city or more than 7,000 without them. The settlement at and near the Jaffa gate seems large, but one soon discovers that many of the newer buildings are hospitals, hopices, school buildings, hotels and the like, in which, save temporarily, not many people are sheltered. The Jewish colony, established by Sir Moses Montefiore, is growing. It is said to be doing well and paying expenses. New houses are in the process of erection. Many Jews own land outside the walls of the city, but at present they can neither buy of a Gentile or a Mahommedan, nor sell to another Jew. The privileges of two or three years ago have been withdrawn. Many Jews have therefore returned to the countries from whence they came. At Nazareth, our dragoman tells us, no Jew is permitted to live. A Jew may come there for purposes of trade or for a visit, but only for a few days. At Tiberias, on the other hand, Jews form a large element in the population of the growing city, but we can hardly say that as yet they have begun in any very great numbers to return to the promised land, nor will they do so under the present government nor while the present feeling among the inhabitants of the country continues. After one has seen the Jews at their wailing place in Jerusalem and listened to their sad cries, or has gone out among the graves of the tens of thousands who are buried on the side of Olivet over against the city, that their ashes may be near the city of their hopes at the resurrection, one cannot but wish that Palestine might be given them and that Jerusalem might become their capital. In that case what would be done with the present inhabitants of the country? It is their home. They love it with all the tenderness of passionate natures. They can hardly be exterminated, like the old Canaanites, or transported to other lands. True, under improved agricultural methods the country might sustain a much larger population than it has at present, but under no circumstances could it sustain all or half the Jews of the world and the people who are now in it. The wonder is not that so many Jews have returned, rather that so few are back. Then one is surprised that these few should so largely be supported by charity, should be slatternly in their habits and little inclined to make their living by cultivating the land. Some claim that the abundant rains of this year are a fulfillment of the promise that the latter rain shall return, but others whose opinions are entitled to respect say that these rains are entirely exceptional and will hardly be repeated another year. We must wait and see.—The Congregationalist.

Pawnbroking in China.

A financial contemporary gives, under some reserve, the following description of the appearance of trade unionism among the pawnbrokers of China. One of that body began to charge his customers 16 per cent. instead of the usual 24. Naturally he did a roaring trade, to the dismay of his colleagues, who carried him before the Mandarin of the province with bitter complaints of unfair competition. The Mandarin, however, commended the pawnbroker for his charity and good feeling in only charging 16 per cent., but pointed out that the charge was quite illegal. He therefore directed that he should charge the customary 24 per cent., of which he was only to keep 16 for himself, while the other 8 was to be distributed in charity, in consonance with the pawnbroker's benevolent idea.

ion at Night.

The price of admission to the exhibition at night has been reduced to 25 cents; in day time it will continue at 50 cents. The reduction at night will no doubt have the effect of bringing out a large attendance.

EVOLUTION OF THE SOUL.

The Question Discussed From a Theosophical Point of View.

Very few people know anything about soul, which means, at least, a dozen things in the English dictionary. Defined theosophically it means the self of the human being. This self is distinguishable from other selves which enter into his composition, such as the animal self—the self of lower passions and desires. It would seem strange that the self of man should have resulted from evolution; nevertheless, such is the teaching of theosophy. Christians believe that the soul or self comes directly and perfect from God, and that at the birth of the child, He breathes into it the breath of life, and it, then, is furnished with the perfect soul. This is too unphilosophical a view of birth and life for Theosophists. We hold that the human self has been acually evolved after ages of struggle and pain. In reality, man, or the human soul, is a god. His evolution has been carried on for ages and ages through lives in other spheres besides this planet, and now he is passing through this experience of life in an animal body so that he may understand what existence in matter is.

The evolution of the soul, then, is to be carried on like that of the evolution on everything else in nature—by persistent effort. It is in this way that the biologists of to-day tell us how the present development of animals, birds and plants came to pass. But while Darwin and his kind have discovered much concerning the evolution of the body yet they have always found difficulties in making their science a complete one. Missing links are everywhere apparent. This is because they have recognized only one-half of the real law of nature, which takes into account as much the development of the internal as the external being. The internal being—the soul—has in its evolution far more effect in producing types than has the mere association of physical forms.

The soul takes on various garments suitable to its powers of expressing itself. Thus it manifests in all kingdoms, passing through the lowest to the highest in an even greater development. Theosophy teaches that the soul in plants goes into the animal kingdom, from that into man, and the man becomes a god, meaning thereby that the soul passes upward through all the phases of life. There is a hidden side to nature which has to be studied as much as its outer phases, if we would understand all about life. This occult side is the property of the soul to understand. Development then of what we call "soul senses" will give knowledge of the unseen world of causes.

To comprehend nature fully we must know ourselves—our souls. The greatest study of mankind is man, but his study must be carried on inside ourselves as well as outside. We must understand the other selves in the universe beside our own. Hence it is that theosophy teaches that if we would be great—a god in nature—we must enter into the lives of our fellow beings, endeavoring to aid them in their evolution. Therefore the doctrine of Universal Brotherhood is taught in theosophy to be of the greatest importance. F.T.S.

With Squirrel Pelts Alone.

Freeman Biggs of Hutton Township, eight miles from Charleston, Ill., carries the scalps of 21,000 squirrels at his belt, so to speak. As his reputation for truth and veracity is good, his neighbors do not dispute his claim that he has slaughtered 500 deer, 300 wild turkeys and more prairie chickens than he had time to count. He is 71 years old and his sight is just as good as ever; so good, in fact, that if the bullet from the rifle he has carried for many years fails to strike Mr. Squirrel between the eyes he will hardly throw the animal in his game-bag—and squirrels are worth from 12 1-2 to 15 cents. For thirty-five years "Freem" Biggs has hunted "bush tails," and the proceeds of his accurate aim have bought a fine farm, on which he reared a family of ten children.

"Freem" Biggs was born in Clinton county, Ohio, and went to Hutton township when fifteen years old. At that time there was plenty of deer and turkeys there, and as a boy he acquired a remarkable proficiency with his rifle, and finally drifted into hunting as a means of support. The railroads came and deer could be shipped to the East, and until the settlements drove the game away he sold venison. After the country became settled and the greater part of the timber felled the turkeys and deer disappeared, and he was obliged to begin a business engagement with the squirrels, which continues up to the present, at least up to the time prohibited by law in each year. For the last thirty-five years he has done business exclusively with the squirrels and modestly estimates that on an average he has sold about 600 a year. At first the price ranged from 15 cents up, but now it ranges about 10 cents and 12 cents. Of course the supply of squirrels is not so large at present. Besides, farmers who have woods or pastures where these animals abound put huge signs on their gateposts declaring that "No hunting aloud on this here farm." Under these disadvantages Mr. Biggs was unable to take over 400 last year.—Chicago Tribune.

An Unusual Death-Rate.

At this season of the year there are always many deaths, particularly among children, from summer complaint, diarrhoea, dysentery, cholera morbus, cramps, etc., but this season the cases seem to be unusually frequent and fatal, and every one ought to know A sure and speedy cure can easily be obtained by taking a teaspoonful of Perry Davis' Pain Killer in sweetened water (hot water is the best), every half hour until relieved. The remedy has never been known to fail. Full directions are with each bottle. It is kept by every respectable druggist. New big bottle, old popular 25c. price.

Beaten at His Own Game.

During a little pedestrian trip a gentleman came unexpectedly upon a country race course, and on one portion of ground found a thimblerig establishment in full work. Notwithstanding the remonstrances of his companion, the gentleman who was something of a madcap, insisted on watching the game.

"Now would the gent like to wager a crown that he could find the pea?" remarked the expert.

"Yes," was the reply.

The money was on both sides deposited, and the pedestrian, lifting up the thimble, pointed out the required pea and took the stakes.

A second bet "double or quits," ended to the surprise of the expert, in the same result.

Then a third wager, "a pound or nothing," steadied the loser's nerves, and the trick was accomplished with great caution. The gentleman lifted up the thimble and showed the pea, at the same time pocketing the stake.

"S'help me," etc., "I didn't put it there!" explained the bewildered artist.

"No, but I always carry my own pea," rejoined the man who had come out right as he went on his way with the spoils of war.—Tid-Bits.

What Do You Take

Medicine for? Because you are sick and want to get well, or because you wish to prevent illness. Then remember that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures all diseases caused by impure blood and debility of the system. It is not what its proprietors say but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story of its merit. Be sure to get Hood's, and only Hood's.

Purely vegetable—HOOD'S PILLS—25c.

Razors and shaving materials of best Sheffield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Wall paper and room mouldings at Meller's, Fort street, above Douglas

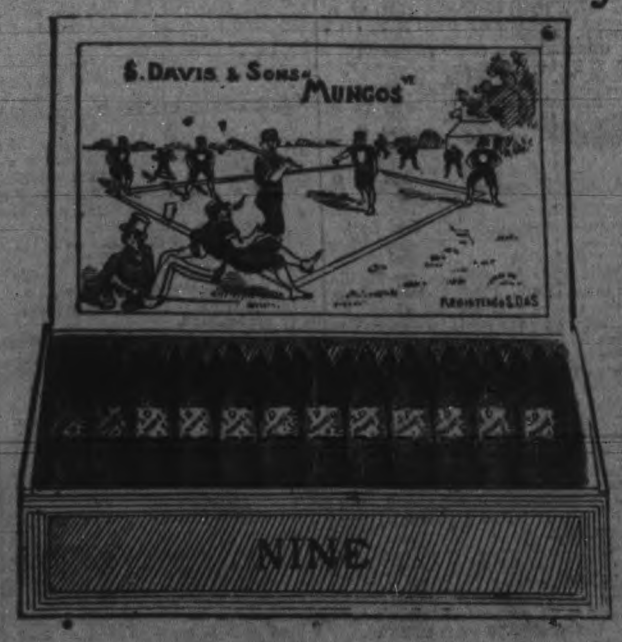
For 50 Years Perry Davis' Pain Killer

Has demonstrated its wonderful power of KILLING EXTERNAL and INTERNAL PAIN. No wonder then that it is found on

The Surgeon's Shelf
The Mother's Cupboard
The Traveler's Valise,
The Soldier's Knapsack
The Sailor's Chest
The Cowboy's Saddle
The Farmer's Stable
The Pioneer's Cabin
The Sportsman's Grip
The Cyclist's Bundle

ASK FOR THE NEW "BIG 25c BOTTLE."

Millions Sold Annually.



Over Ninety Per Cent.

Of the World's Fair Dairy Exhibit Prizes were captured by Canada. It is interesting to note that all first-class Canadian Dairies are equipped with

Eddy's Indurated Fibre Ware

Pails, Tubs, Milk Pans, &c., &c. The Strongest and Cleanest ware ever made for Dairy, Home or Farm use. Sold everywhere.

The E. B. EDDY Co.

MAMMOTH WORKS: HULL, CANADA.

I. X. L. COMPOUND

To Fruit Growers and Gardeners

Now is the time to spray your trees and destroy insect pests and have healthy fruit trees next season, by using

I. X. L. COMPOUND,

The cheapest and most effective Insecticide and Fungicide yet produced. For Sale by

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, VICTORIA, B.C.

We shall be pleased to give full explanation as to its use. A full line of Spraying Outfits and Pruning Tools on hand.

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR.

Large shipment of New Goods just received.
BASKETS,
HAMPERS,
FLOWER POTS,
PAPER NAPKINS, &c.
Prices lower than ever.

T. S. FUTCHER,
Importer and Retailer.
41 FORT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

NORTH SAANICH HOTEL.

FORFAR & WRIGHT, Proprietors.

This new hotel, situated on Shoal Bay, (near Brackman & Kerr's Mills) is now open for the reception of guests. Excellent boating and bathing, and a pleasant place to spend the holidays.
Comfortable rooms at moderate prices.
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Spectacle Wearers

Who appreciate the value of their Eyesight, and the comforts derived from properly fitting glasses, get them from the

ONLY OPTICIANS

In British Columbia.

F. W. Nolte & Co.

37 Fort Street.

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer

Government street, 2 doors n.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of License Commissioners for the city of Victoria, at its next sitting, for a transfer to Robert Dodgson, of the license now held by me, to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Mirror Saloon, situate upon the corner of Yates and Broad streets, in said city.
Dated this 5th day of July, 1893.
a4-1m EDWARD LEGG.

Municipal Notice.

Public notice is hereby given to the electors of the Municipality of the City of Victoria, that I require the presence of the said electors at Room No. 1, of the Public Market Building, Cormorant street, on the 14th day of August, 1893, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing a person to represent them as a member of the School Board of Trustees for Victoria City.

The mode of nomination of candidates shall be as follows: The candidates shall be nominated in writing: The writing shall be subscribed by two voters of the municipality as proposer and seconder, and shall be delivered to the Returning Officer at any time between the date of the notice and 2 p.m. on the day of the nomination, and in the event of a poll being necessary, such poll will be opened at above named Room No. 1, Public Market Building, Cormorant street, on the 17th day of August, 1893, of which every person is hereby required to take notice and govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand at Victoria, the 8th day of August, 1893.

W. K. BULL,
a8-td Returning Officer.

Real Estate.

1 House, full sized lot, fenced, close to tram only $850; cash $150; balance on easy terms at 8 per cent.; cheap.
1 House and Lot, Craigflower Road, only $750; cash $100; balance at 8 per cent., easy terms.
Acre Blocks, $250; 1 acre Blocks at $600; easy terms.
40 acres of good Land, 9 miles from city, railway crosses it; very cheap, $50 per acre.
100 acres of good land; 9 miles from city; very cheap, $25 per acre.
100 acres, improved; 12 heifers, 5 pigs, 4 doz. chickens, 1 horse, 1 cottage, woodshed, stable, chicken house, etc.; $6000 good terms.
99 acres, Cobble Hill, fine improved farm, $4,800.
200 acres, Cobble Hill, improved; $3,000, very easy terms.
63 acres, Cadboro Bay, 4 miles from P. O., under cultivation, with improvements costing $7,000; land $500 per acre; improvements $1,000; good terms.
Kaslo lots, in good position, cheap.
Several good Houses to Rent.

A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street Opposite Railway Station

In the Matter of the Estate of Margaret Boal, late of Cowichan, Deceased.

All persons having claims against the above estate are requested to send particulars thereof to the undersigned before the 1st day of September next and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to pay such indebtedness to the undersigned forthwith.
DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN,
79 Yates st., Victoria.
a4-30 Solicitors for the Executor.

NOTICE

Johnson Street from Chambers Street eastward will be closed until further notice.

E. A. WILMOT,
jy29-tf City Engineer.

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of Consumers of Water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to Section 12 of the "Waterworks Regulation By-Law, 1885," which provides that

From the first day of April to the 15th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of the water of the said Waterworks shall use such water for irrigating or street sprinkling, except during the hours between 5 o'clock in the evening and 9 o'clock in the following morning, and on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In Central Ward, on Mondays and Thursdays;

In South Ward, on Tuesdays and Fridays; and

In North Ward, on Wednesday and Saturdays.

And the water of the said Waterworks shall not be used for irrigating or street sprinkling outside the limits of the said City.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria B.C., June 5th, 1893.

REDUCED! 50 doz. REGATTA & PRINT SHIRTS Reduced to 75c each
B. WILLIAMS & CO., 97 Johnson Street.

AMONG THE MOUNTAINS.

re Prospectors—Six Foot Solid Silver —Progress of Roads.

Trout Lake City, B.C., Aug. 10:—The ather continues warm; few of the ks and mountain tops in sight show snow. The number of prospectors sing through on their way to the ges is steadily increasing. The news m the mountains during the past k is most encouraging. The trail up aley creek will be commenced very o, and will make an important sec- of the principal mineral range easy access from Trout Lake. It has n proposed to build a trail from the d of the South Fork of the Lardeau the head of Healey creek, so as to nect with two trails. The matter is er advisement for the present, the ority of the settlers and prospectors g of the opinion that every available r appropriated should be reserved the construction of the wagon road the Northeast Arm to Trout Lake

ndro Abrahamson and his partner rned on Thursday from their claims, ging some fine specimens of ore with n.

. Jenkins, superintendent of the ker Hill mine in the Coeur d'Alene ntains, is at the Silver Cup mine, the purchase of which he is now ne- ting.

H. Harrison left town on Monday his claim, adjoining the Abbott n.

other strike of nickel was reported rday, but no particulars are as yet nd.

tler and Dickson, members of the e Cristo Mining Co., accompanied ohn Kirkup, government agent for istrict, and Mr. Tuttle, arrived this ing. Butler and Dickson will visit Great Northern mine to-morrow with tention of negotiating for its pur on behalf of the company. The Northern, though not a very high ore, is so easily worked and re- as to be extremely valuable, even mpared with most ores giving a higher assay.

rtles Matheson, one of the best a pioneers, reports a strike which imed to eclipse anything hitherto vered. He has placed his stakes a new vein of almost solid metal, et wide, samples of which run 800 silver to the ton. Matheson's con- ial smile is now broader than

Story recently brought down from w claim samples which average in silver to the ton.

. Piper, of the Transpontine ward, en suffering for some days from poisoning, supposed to have been by some poisonous plant or While not actually serious, it is nily troublesome to call for medi- atment, so Mr. Piper left this for Revelstoke.

Blackburn is at present sojourn- Thompson's Landing. It is prob- hat he will complete the pur- of several of the claims that he last year.

. Hawkins passed through town ening on his way back to his old ting ground. He was accompanied Thompson, the government trail or, who is en route for Healey

NAGAN AND KOOTENAY.

and Vicinity and Kaslo City and Miner.

(Vernon News.)

ernon private college will open Sept. 1st.

s in Fairview are reported to be 3 per day.

good catches of silver trout en made recently in Long lake railroad.

ald that $40,000 was offered for rning Star mine in Camp Fair- Mr. Wallen.

shooting has commenced this nd several sportsmen here have brought some in.

Buchanan has been engaged by on school board to teach the sec- artment of the Vernon public ing the summer holidays.

ew Methodist church in this l (D. V.) be publicly dedicated ay, Aug. 13th. Special sermons reached at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. ev. J. P. Betts of Kamloops.

Peterboro' canoe was brought to y Geo. McL. Brown. It is left of Mr. G. A. Anderson of the Montreal, who is having a e built on Long Lake and will here.

travel is beginning to move a l more than during the early f the season. So far, though, er part of it has been that of om the coast who were taking ips through to Penticton.

nown man was found drowned nton last week. His clothing d on the bench, and it was hat he had been in swimming. J. P., held an inquest, but the as simply that he had been wned.

k Mr. Payne of Toronto gov- spector of meteorological sta- Vernon a visit, and in his offi- ty took a look over the ap- f the Vernon observatory. e Mr. Payne was very much with the salubrity of our cli- the general beauty of our dis- surroundings. He had some of the climate from the eports sent in, but these gave e idea of the real delights of ain air.

nd Burnyeat are busy in the untry on government work ften are doing. Mr. Coryell esent camped about 12 miles ticton and will spend the t of the summer in surveys illkameen. Mr. Burnyeat is k on the location of the new ettle river, which, we under- likely to be the Inkameep is reported that they had got as Rock creek and were Boundary creek. No more eatures have been reported.

C.L. Brown, general passenger e C. P. R. Pacific division, m the lower country by Sat- urday's boat. While here he was well importuned by many of our townspeople to extend the reduction in return rates from the coast to Vernon and Penticton so as to enable people from this district to enjoy a similar advantage. The reduced rate for a return ticket from Vancouver to Penticton is certainly a good concession on old arrangements, but it does not enable any one living here to have the advantages in taking a trip out of the district.

Arrangements have been made for the return trap shoot to come off today between Vernon and Armstrong. The Vernon shooters have had very little notice, as the date desired by the Armstrong sports was only made known to them a couple of days ago, and it caught them rather unprepared; but as some of the Armstrong men are going away and it was more convenient for them to shoot now, the Vernon team consulted. Mr. McDonnell has been on the sick list, and Jack Martin has been hearing some big stories about Hugh Keyes' shooting which has put him in a blue funk, but they are all expected to be on hand.

The Canadian Pacific railway company, in connection with their steamer Aberdeen on Okanagan lake, have issued a special rate on wheat from Kelowna to Enderby of 20 cents per 100 pounds, and from Kelowna to Vancouver and Victoria a rate of 55 cents per 100 pounds, carloads, minimum weight 36,000 pounds. With these low rates on wheat, not only to Enderby, but to the Pacific coast from the Mission district, the farmers in that vicinity should be able to market their grain at profitable prices, and in rendering the farmers this assistance the Canadian Pacific should be favored with any shipments that may be forwarded. The rate from Vernon to Enderby will be 8 cents, from Larkin 6 cents.

An arbitration case was conducted in Vernon last week between representatives of Lord Aberdeen and the firm of G. G. Mackay & Son. Mr. Lumby was arbitrator for Aberdeen and Mr. Salisbury for G. G. Mackay & Son, while Judge Spinks was an umpire in the case. The difficulty was in connection with the feeding of Lord Aberdeen's herd of beef cattle at the Mission last winter. The winter proving longer and more severe than usual, it was difficult to bring so large a herd through on the amount of feed in store, much less having them ready to deliver as beef cattle on the opening of spring. A large percentage of the herd were not accepted by the buyer in the spring, and hence considerable loss was occasioned. The hearing of the case occupied two days and a decision was arrived at.

A request has been made to the Hon. F. G. Vernon for a bridge across the river at Mara. Its cost would only come to about one-fifth of the amount which the provincial government should have received from the contractors of the S. & O. Railway for their destruction of a part of the wagon road from Enderby to Sicamous. Should no bridge be constructed this year it is quite probable a joint stock company will be formed to put on a small steamer between Sicamous and Enderby, and a paying business is a certainty. Of course this would mean a loss to the S. & O. Railway of not only Mara freight but also of vegetables and some other traffic from Enderby to points on the main line of the C. P. R. A little business could also be secured on the Shuswap lakes. Certainly it would necessitate the opening of the Sicamous drawbridge once a day.

(Kaslo Claim.)

All the machinery at the sampling works is now in position.

The steamer Nelson has discontinued her run between this city and Bonner's Ferry for the present.

Between one hundred and two hundred men are at work on the right of way of the Nakusp-Slocan railroad.

At the Wonderful, on the south fork of Carpenter creek, about 250 tons of ore have been mined, and work is going forward steadily.

The construction of the telegraph line from this city to Revelstoke goes on apace. The outfit expects to reach New Denver early next week.

About 40 men are employed on the repairing of the waggon road, and are now about a mile above Bear lake. Wednesday was pay day on the road.

At the Alpha mine, one of the Grady group on Four Mile creek, considerable tunneling has been done. There are 20 or 30 tons of first-class ore on the dump.

The Cumberland, which is situated just below the Idaho, shows up in capital form. The vein is from one to four feet wide, carrying an ore chute averaging six or eight inches. There are about 1000 tons of ore on the dump.

Salton Cameron, formerly of Butte, Montana, has purchased a claim known as the Iron Silver, which is situated on Twelve Mile creek, near its junction with Kaslo creek. He intends to develop the property at once.

Four waggon loads of ore were brought down on Tuesday by G. W. Hughes' freight train. The consisted of 63 sacks from the Washington, which had been stored at the Ten Mile House, and 70 sacks from the Mountain Chief mine.

Some twenty or thirty men are employed in the Mountain Chief. This mine shos a very fine class of galena in a streak from two to fourteen inches wide, in a vein from two to four feet deep. The ore assays from 110 to 200 ounces in silver. About eighty tons of ore are already mined and the prospects are excellent.

At the Brennan group of mines, on the Whitewater, E. H. Tomlinson is at work with a large force of men. There are several good properties in that locality. A noticeable feature is that nearly all the mines so far discovered in this district have been uncovered by snowslides. There are large numbers of men in the hill, though not as many as there were a few weeks ago, and new discoveries occur almost daily.

Increase, baseball, cricket and tennis playing are rapidly being weaned from alcoholic drinks. "Montserrat" Lime Fruit Juice is the principal substitute. Clear, fragrant and delicious, it seems to cut the phlegm and cleanse the throat in a way that no other drink can. One glass of "Montserrat" will have more effect than three of iced claret or ten of lager beer. Of course, it needs to be diluted with aerated or even plain water, and sweetened to the taste.

Of Unsound Mind.

Tarrytown, N.Y., Aug. 11.—Mrs. Sarah E. Hamilton, wife of Gen. Alex. Hamilton, grandson of General Alexander Hamilton of revolutionary fame, has applied to the Supreme Court of White Plains for the appointment of C. B. Frost as a commission to enquire into the sanity of her husband. Judge Dickerman granted the order. The application was made at the home of the judge, to keep the matter secret. In the petition Mrs. Hamilton alleges that Gen. Hamilton now is, and for several years has been, so despondent as to be altogether unfit and unable to govern himself, or manage his affairs. General Hamilton is 77.

Men by the Name of Harrison.

Boston, Mass., Aug. 12.—Ex-President Harrison, who is visiting his daughter, Mrs. McKee, denies that Wm. Harrison, who was sent to the Denver poorhouse recently, was a cousin of his, as claimed. The ex-president said yesterday: "It is a bit of nonsense. I have no cousins or near relatives in Denver. My only cousin by the name of Harrison married a daughter of Gen. Pike and lives on the family homestead in Kentucky. He is in comfortable circumstances. The story is as false as the one published a few weeks ago to the effect that a man by the name of Harrison, or Case, who lost his life on a Norfolk steamer, was a near relation of mine. He was none of my kin whatever."

How to Get "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why Does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c. postage to send in the wrappers, if you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully.

Northern Pacific

Double trains daily to St. Paul, Milwaukee and Chicago without change of cars. Connects at St. Paul and Chicago for all points east and south. Superior Pullman sleepers, upholstered tourist cars and dining cars on all through trains. Direct service to the Yellowstone national park. Fast time and all the reduced rates offered patrons of this line. For full information call or address E. E. Blackwood, ticket agent, Adelphi building, Victoria.

GILLETT'S
PURE POWDERED 100%
LYE
PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.
Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap, Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 10 pounds Sal Soda.
Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.
E. W. GILLETT, Toronto.

LOST OR FAILING MANHOOD,
General and Nervous Debility,

Weakness of Body and Mind. Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble Manhood fully Restored. How to enlarge and Strengthen Weak, Undeveloped Organs and Parts of Body. Absolutely unfailing Home Treatment—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.
ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

BIG G
TRADE MARK
CURE YOURSELF!
Ask your Druggist for a bottle of Big G. The only non-poisonous remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men and the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. It cures in a few days without the aid or publicity of a doctor.
The Evansville American Curt.
Manufactured by
The Evans Chemical Co.
CINCINNATI, O.
U.S.A.
PRICE $1.00

ESTATE OF JOHN ALBERT JOHNSON,

Assignment for the Benefit of Creditors.

Take notice that pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," by indenture dated and executed the 13th day of July, 1893, by John Albert Johnson, of the Queen's Hotel, Store street, in the city of Victoria, British Columbia, hotel-keeper, the said John Albert Johnson granted and assigned his real and personal property to Joseph Loewen, of Rockwood, New Gorge road, Lake District, Vancouver Island, brewer, and James Muirhead, Esquimalt road, Victoria West, in the city of Victoria, British Columbia, manufacturer of sashes, doors, etc., in trust for the creditors of the said John Albert Johnson.

The said Joseph Loewen and James Muirhead executed the deed and accepted the trust thereby created on the 13th day of July, 1893.

A meeting of the creditors will be held on Friday, the 21st day of July, 1893, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of the undersigned.

Dated the 15th day of July, 1893.

S. PERRY MILES,
46 Langley street, Victoria, B.C.,
Solicitor for the Trustees.

July 15-1m.

Notice of Removal.

DR. GARROW has removed his office to Room 1, Moody Block. Residence, 21 Queen's Avenue. m13-tf

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Ltd.
(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)
ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used Principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes.) | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL (Steam Fuel.)

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL
House and Steam Coal, and mined by this Company only.

The "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

The "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

The "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite, especially for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal; makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent

The Victoria Lithograph Co.,
(LIMITED)
CORNER YATES AND GOVERNMENT STREETS, UPSTAIRS,
Is now prepared to turn out all classes of work, such as
Maps, Checks, Drafts, Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Note Heads, Labels, Wedding & Visiting Cards, Etc., Etc.
VISITING CARDS printed from Copper plates and stone.
PORTRAITS enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's art.
Orders left at the TIMES Office or with the Manager will be promptly attended to
W. R. CREECH, Manager.

The Weekly Times
The Weekly edition of the TIMES is a 16-page paper; containing all the news of the week, general, provincial and city. It is the only independent political paper in British Columbia, and has a very large circulation within the province.
Subscription, $2 per annum in advance; postage in addition to foreign countries.
Address,
THE TIMES P. & P. CO.,
Victoria, B. C.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MIL.
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,
The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.
A. HYAMS - - Manager

INFORMATION FURNISHED ABOUT THE KOOTENAY COUNTRY
The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general outlook and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.
The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.
THE MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
NELSON, B.C.
(Mention this paper.)

SNOWFLAKE
FLOUR
—:— FOR FAMILY USE, —:—
IS THE BEST.
Ask your Grocer for it. Have no other
Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

Maternity Home
(LATE SAMARITAN)
Removed to larger premises, at 10 Blanchard corner of Rae Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Flummerfelt, Gorge Road.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to revive, continue and extend the time within which the Victoria, Saanich and New Westminster Railway Company, incorporated in the session of 1891, may construct its works and for other purposes.

By order of Provisional Directors.

A. DE COSMOS,
President V. S. & N. W. Ry. Co.

Victoria, B. C., July 10, 1893. j10-4f

Municipal Act 1892.

NOTICE

I hereby give notice that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria for a transfer from myself to George Schmitt, of the said city, of the license now held by me to sell beer, wines and porter with meals at the restaurant (formerly Steitz's), No. 54 Yates street, in the City of Victoria aforesaid.

July 15, 1893. C. C. FOX.

Public Notice.

School Street, between Yates Street and Fort Street, will be closed to traffic until further notice.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

July 11th, 1893.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practical experience of over 25 years. m4tf

DRAWING TO A CLOSE.

Large Attendance on the Closing Day of the Midsummer Fair.

ANNUAL MEETING HELD LAST EVENING

Excursionists From Seattle and the East Coast in the City to See the Exhibition—The New Officers of the Association Elected Yesterday.

There was a very fair attendance at the annual meeting of the B.C. Agricultural Association, held last evening in the Board of Trade rooms. President Ellis reviewed the history of the midsummer exhibition, which had proved a success in every way with the exception of the attendance. The small attendance, he thought, was caused by the bad times and the poor street car service. The association should decide whether it was advisable to make the summer fair a permanent thing or return to the fall fair.

A general discussion ensued on the best time for holding the fair, the majority expressing views favorable to the fall. Messrs. A. C. Wells, J. F. Bryant, Geo. McRae, George Deans, Dr. S. F. Tolmie, H. F. Page, W. Thompson, S. M. Okell and Dr. Milne—all farmers or interested as breeders in the live stock exhibition—spoke strongly for the fall show, while Messrs. J. T. Wilkinson, E. Hutcherson, D. R. Ker and others held that by sticking to the summer show it could be made a big success. After a very full discussion it was resolved: "That it is the opinion of this meeting that the exhibition should be held in September or October, but that the date be left to be decided upon by the incoming board of management."

The following officers were then elected:

President, Dr. G. L. Milne, M.P.P.

Vice-President—J. T. Wilkinson, Chilliwack.

Second Vice-President—George Deans, Saanich.

Hon. Treasurer—R. Seabrook, Victoria.

Hon. Secretary—C. E. Renouf, Victoria.

Trustees—N. Shakespeare, D. R. Ker, G. A. McTavish, J. H. Todd and C. E. Renouf.

Board of Management—D. R. Ker, W. H. Ellis, G. A. McTavish, S. M. Okell, W. H. Bainbridge, J. Lamberton, — McKidrick, W. Templeman, W. J. Pendray, R. P. Rithet, J. H. Falconer, G. Leiser, J. Fell, S. F. Tolmie, R. T. Williams, W. Thompson, McI. Deans, J. S. Shopland, A. Haslam, M.P., H. F. Page, W. H. Ladner, E. Hutcherson, A. C. Wells, W. B. Townsend, A. H. B. McGowan, G. W. Henry, J. Kirkland, T. Cunningham and J. C. McLagan.

Mr. Templeman raised the question of the secretary's salary, which in the past had been $500, an amount out of all proportion to the services rendered. The statement was made that in accepting the position of secretary, Mr. Renouf would not receive any salary, the position being an honorary one. The clerical work during the exhibition week and for a few weeks preceding would be done by the temporary assistants and would be paid for.

Yesterday's attendance at the fair was not as large as it should have been. In the evening, however, it improved a little, and for a while the gatekeepers were kept busy. The weather was good and the several events on the programme were well contested. The free-for-all trotting brought out Dart, Johnny Gannon, driver; Dr. Hall's Canadian Boy, driven by Millington, and One-Eyed Johnny, driven by T. Gannon. The first heat was won by Dart. In the second Dart and One-Eyed Johnny collided, both sulkies being broken. Another start was taken, Dart galloping for a quarter of a mile. The heat was won by One-Eyed Johnny, with Canadian Boy second. The other heats were given to One-Eyed Johnny, as the driver of Dart fouled in each of them. D. Campbell's Diamond won the silver cup for trotting and pacing, 1 1-2 miles, gentlemen drivers. The other entries were J. Bowker's Simcoe and Dr. Verrinder's Jo Jo. C. W. Ward won the tandem race with Prunella and Molly.

The attractive programme presented to-day brought out many who had failed to see the exhibition during the week. Big crowds passed through the gates all afternoon. The fair will be open until 10 o'clock to-night. During the evening there will be a promenade concert by C battery band.

NOTES.

The cup won by D. E. Campbell yesterday is a very handsome one.

The secretary and treasurer were busy to-day paying prizes.

There was another parade of horses to-day.

A large number of excursionists came down from the east coast yesterday to see the fair.

THE CHURCHES.

Services To-Morrow in the City—Who Are to Officiate.

Rev. P. McF. Macleod will speak at the Victoria theatre to-morrow night and the subject announced for him is "The Man with the Muck Rake." There will be music during the evening by some of the best singers in the city.

Rev. Dr. Young, of Winnipeg, will preach at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church morning and evening to-morrow.

Centennial Methodist Church, Rev. J. Hall, pastor. Subject, morning, "The Duty of Adversaries to be Reconciled"; evening, "Christ's lessons from the Parable of the Unjust Steward."

Rev. E. Robson will conduct service in James Bay Methodist church to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Services at the Metropolitan Methodist church by the pastor, Rev. S. Cleaver, M. A., at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. The subject for the evening service will be "Belshazzar's Feast and the Overthrow of Babylon." Sunday school at 2:30 p.m. Bible class for adults.

Fabulously Rich.

Cripple Creek, Col., Aug. 12.—In one of the mines of the Pueblo Gold Mining Co.'s property an abundant lead of mineral has been opened at a depth of less than 10 feet, ore bearing gold in such abundance that tests give a return of $22,600 to the ton of crude ore. This wonderful lead, while lying within the limits of the Little Crissie mine, one of the properties of the company, was discovered by a trespasser, who has attempted to locate another claim. Litigation is unavoidable, for the trespasser will not relinquish his claim to such a bonanza, but the residents of the company are all residents of Pueblo and have no fear of the result. This is the richest discovery in the history of Cripple Creek, and few equally valuable strikes have been made in all America.

BEST ON RECORD.

Fraser Salmon Pack Splendid—Indians Dread Dissection.

Vancouver, Aug. 12.—When Coroner Pittendrigh got to Spuzzum on Thursday he found the man who had been dropped on the railway track was an Indian, and his friends had stolen the body from the constables during the night and burned it. When summoned they claimed they took it to avoid its being carved up. No inquest.

Fisheries Inspector McNab estimates the salmon pack to date at 250,000 cases, and the pack will likely exceed every former year. The fish are thought to be still hovering at the mouth of the river.

The skiff race between Wm. Buck of New Westminster, and Walter Jordan of Vancouver, on Burrard Inlet last night, was a miserable fiasco. Someone had removed one buoy and the other was knocked over. Jordan led but could not find the turning buoy. Referee W. Watts declared the race a draw and all bets were off.

The Van Winkle hydraulic company is going to put in a second nozzle.

The Steamship Men's Association have sent a cablegram of sympathy to the strikers in Sydney, Australia. The crew of the Miowera were received as members.

Another crusade against the shacks on the foreshore is under way, but the occupants will resist force with force. They are disputing now the legality of the proceedings.

AT THE FAIR.

No B. C. Printed Matter—The Great Cheese—St. Alice Water.

(From our Own Correspondent.)

Chicago, Aug. 4.—There is a woeful lack of printed matter in all British Columbia departments of the fair. Can't some enterprising Victorian corporation or patriotic individual send some printed information or statistics here for distribution? I assure you that whatever is sent will be read and widely circulated. In the British Columbia department of the agricultural building we were given a grateful draught of St. Alice mineral water from the hot springs, Harrison. It is a grand advertisement for the enterprising proprietors. It is a wonder to me that Victoria's manufacturers have not availed themselves of this chance of letting the world know what they can do in their several lines of industry. We noticed also in the agricultural building a pyramid of French plum pudding weighing 930 pounds, and we tried by mental arithmetic to reduce its latent indigestion to cubic inches. The Dakota exhibit at 70 degrees were far more pleasant than were the Dakota plains a week before at 113. Do you want to know what single exhibit in the building creates the most comment? It is the mammoth Canadian cheese. How do I know? Well, simply from the fact that the steps leading up to it are nearly worn through by the feet of the curious. It isn't much to look at, but it is large, "the biggest on earth," and that to an American is the highest recommendation, besides, the cheese is self-assertive—you can smell it afar off. Several cologne fountains play in the building, there are stacks of sandal wood and mounds of camphor but the "Canadian mite" complacently gives odds to the field. This cheese weighs 22,000 pounds, and to obtain the milk from which it is made, one thousand six hundred and sixty-six milkmaids milked ten thousand cows. The cheese measures 28 feet in circumference and is six feet high. A special truck has been made for transporting it to Great Britain after it leaves Chicago. It surprised me to learn that Canada's cheese exports exceed those of the United States. There are 1500 co-operative cheese factories in the Dominion. An interesting model near here is a fac simile of Hawarden Castle, it commands much attention. Ceylon is well represented. We saw in her departments tea which retails at $175 a pound. It looks just like common, ordinary, everyday tea and so I didn't order any. If any member of the Times staff wishes a box or so I'll be pleased to attend to his order. "Orders from the country promptly attended to." Leaving the agricultural building we took the Intramural railway to the Washington state building to meet some friends there. This railway is over three miles long and affords rapid transit around the exposition grounds. There are in all 72 cars and each will seat 100 people. These cars are open and at night are brilliantly lighted with incandescent lamps. They make the round trip in about 40 minutes and are well patronized.

A. D. CAMERON.

PERSONAL.

Duncan Ross came down from Union yesterday.

A. H. B. Macgowan, of Vancouver, is in the city.

Walter C. Carr, of Durham, Eng., is visiting Victoria.

D. Pottinger, of Chemainus, is in the city visiting his parents.

A and H. Lundberg came down from the north on the Louise.

G. G. Wood, of Washington, is among those at the Victoria.

H. F. Stewart and wife, of Pasadena, are guests at the Victoria.

Miss Dillon, of Seattle, returned to-day from a visit to Nanaimo.

Capt. H. H. Lloyd, of Port Townsend, is registered at the Oriental.

H. Brackman returned on the Louise from a trip to Alert Bay.

Mrs. John Herod, Mrs. A. M. Beattie, of Vancouver, are in the city.

H. G. Mathies, editor of the Pythian Herald of Seattle, is in the city.

M. Creech, government agent, and Jos. Moore, of Comox, are in the city.

Mrs. A. G. Black and Mrs. J. Caldwell came down from Nanaimo to-day.

Judge Gilbert B. Reed, of the Court of Appeals of Colorado, is in the city.

F. D. Little, manager of the Union colliery company, arrived from Comox yesterday.

F. Hoffmeister, J. J. Sullivan and J. H. Dichel, of San Francisco, are at the Hotel Victoria.

T. W. Glaholm, Ex-Mayor John Hilbert, Jas. Abrams and W. Hoggan, of Nanaimo, are at the Oriental.

W. N. Mears, of the Northern Pacific, came up from Tacoma last night and left this morning for Nanaimo.

C. J. Hicks, of New York, railroad secretary of the International committee of the Y.M.C.A., will be here for the convention.

A. R. Erskine returned from the east last evening. He was accompanied by Mrs. R. Erskine and family, who have been visiting the old country.

H. C. Tallman and wife and L. W. Marston, who are at the Dallas, leave to-night for the east over the Northern Pacific. They will stop in Yellowstone.

DROWNED WHILE FISHING.

Sad Death of a Boy—Reduced Pay Roll.

Nanaimo, Aug. 12.—A sad drowning accident was reported to the coroner yesterday, which occurred at Departure Bay on Thursday afternoon. Two little brothers, sons of J. Michaelson, were fishing from the Wellington wharf, when the youngest, aged 7, slipped from his perch and fell into the water. The other little fellow immediately went for his father, but when he arrived the little boy had sunk. The body was recovered later in the evening. The funeral will take place at 3 p.m. to-morrow.

Last evening a new lodge of the C.O.O.F. was instituted by Past Noble Grand Brother Edwards. The new lodge is called the Nanaimo Star and already numbers about 30 members. During recess supper was partaken of. Members of the Royal Golden Lodge were invited and a pleasant time was spent. Dr. Sloggett's reminiscences of a semi-political club caused great amusement. The following officers were duly installed: M. G. Clark, noble grand; Dr. Sloggett, vice grand; J. Peters, secretary; G. Gowen, treasurer; J. McKenzie, warden; J. Robinson, conductor; J. H. Good, inside tyler.

R. Kenney, a seaman of the J. L. Morse, obtained a summons against another seaman for brutal treatment. The applicant produced a doctor's certificate to show that he was incapacitated from any kind of work and that he would remain so for several days.

The steamer City of Nanaimo took over a large number of excursionists to-day at 50 cents for the round trip.

The pay roll at the New Vancouver Coal Company's office to-day has fallen considerably short of the amount paid out in July.

RUSSIA INTERESTED.

Count Popoff Not Altogether Touring for Health.

San Francisco, Aug. 12.—Advices from Honolulu report the political situation quiet. Blount's attitude towards the provisional government has been especially cordial and friendly for the past month. The clear and satisfactory weekly financial statements of the finance minister have had a large share in restoring confidence in the government. A still more important influence has been the pleasant attitude of Blount, and a great abatement in the hopeful expression of the royalists since the departure of Nordhoff and Spreckels.

Count Constantine Popoff, high in the Russian service, and lately Russian consul-general at Sanghai, recently spent two weeks in Honolulu. It began to be surmised that his visit was not merely that of a tourist, but was for personal observation of the political situation with a view to possible Russian occupation of Hawaii. The count is known to have active official interest in the development in Eastern Siberia. In this connection it is a significant fact that on the coronation of the present czar the embassy from Hawaii was given precedence to those from Greece and Bulgaria, and that the prime minister endeavored to impress upon the secretary of the legation that Hawaii should be very slow in making the concession of Pearl Harbor, which he pointed out would soon be worth not less than $10,000,000. Such an estimate of its value could be based only upon his expectation of strong future competition for its occupancy. His interest evinced a clear sense of the importance to Russia of the port in such competition.

Marine.

The steamer Angeles left for Port Angeles last night.

The steamer Joan got in from Comox last night and is at the Pedro to-day.

The sealer Mary Brown, Capt. Brown, sailed for Marzovia, Alaska, this morning. She was towed outside by the Alert.

Dean Swift's Oddities.

Partly from respect for his abilities, partly from the actual value of his assistance, partly from amusement at the novelty of the thing, the great world surrendered itself as to a conqueror. He never flattered. When told that the Duke of Buckingham desires his acquaintance, he answers that the Duke has not made sufficient advances to him yet. When asked to a dinner party by a secretary of state, he insists upon drawing up a list of the company. Even ladies have to bow beneath the yoke. However beautiful, wealthy or high born, they must always appear as suppliants for Dr. Swift's acquaintance. Even then his rule is far from easy.

"Lady Burlington" says he, "I hear you can sing; sing me a song." Her ladyship resents such an unceremonious address and refuses. "Why, madam," says Swift, "I suppose you take me for one of your poor English hedge-parsons; sing when I bid you." As Lord Burlington only laughs the lady bursts into tears and leaves the room. This does not soften Swift. He meets her a few days after. "Pray, madame, are you so proud and ill-natured now as when I last saw you?" is his greeting. The man's fascination is so strong that all yield to him.

Not a night passes but he spends it as the centre of some aristocratic assembly. He positively revels in the novel splendor of his position. "I thought I saw Jack Temple and his wife pass me to-day in their coach," he says to Stella. "I took no notice of them. I am glad I have wholly shaken off that family." He walks straight up to the prime minister's private room on a busy day, and jeers at the crowd of less favored clients who have been waiting long hours in the anti-chamber.

One can easily picture to one's self Swift's appearance at this time. Like all Anglican clergymen, he wears a cassock and gown, with wide puffed "pudding" sleeves, his head being surmounted by an enormous periwig. He is of middle height, with a robust and upright figure. His marked features, clear brow and keen blue eyes impress those who meet him with a mingled sense of vivacity and power. His voice is strong, his language is lucid and oratorial. The influence of his conversational powers is extraordinary. A master of irony and an adept in the art of playing upon words; on serious subjects he can reach to the very heart of his auditor, while in giving odd turns of interest to commonplace matters he is without an equal. —Moriarty's "Dean Swift and His Writings."

"Montserrat" Lime Juice is, without a single exception, the king of summer drinks, cooling, fragrant and delightfully pleasant. It should be on every table during the hot weather, and is always to be had where summer drinks are sold. No other drink is so wholesome or refreshing. Grocers and druggists.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Princess Louise from Northern ports—A Loder, J Barber, F Kuntson, B Bergeson, J Donaldson, W J Gibbs, A Noble, E A Wert, James Dakers, Alex Johnson, A Lundberg, R Lundberg, T K Muir, H Brackman.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Princess Louise from Northern ports—Ross Monroe, R P Rithet & Co, F D & Brodie, M Sullivan, Joseph Weiss, W Noel, R Roscoe, F Melrose, T Brown, W Lawson, A V Vowell, K G Cunningham, James Donaldson, Mrs Moffatt.

You don't know how much better you will feel if you take Hood's Sarsaparilla. It will drive off that tired feeling and make you strong.

Mason's patent reliable Fruit Jars and Jellies in all sizes at Weiler Bros.

REQUISITION.

Victoria, B. C., Aug. 11, 1893.

John Teague, Esq., Sent.

Dear Sir:—We the undersigned electors of the City of Victoria, B. C., most respectfully request you to allow your name to be put up for nomination for the office of school trustee at the forthcoming election. We promise to use our best endeavors to procure your election, and trust you will favorably consider our requisition.

Yours faithfully,

John Meston, T. M. Graham, D. R. Ker, A. McGregor, J. W. Knight, W. McIntosh, A. G. McCandless, Jacob Isaacs, G. Rossi, C. Rossi, T. H. Shotbolt, Geo. Bowen, T. Schoen, Geo. Phillips, W. Duncan, S. G. Campbell, Wm. Powell, N. Polster, D. Banfield, W. Trinker, L. H. Sharpe, E. Lewis, Henry Mansell, J. Hofland, S. Arnold, Thomas Catterall, Andrew Tolmie, James Lemon, Benjamin Gonnason, A. Gonnason R. Lettice, Jno. J. Austin, G. A. Cooper, W. G. Chambers, William Godfrey, James B. Colvin, James P. Muirhead, Jas. Connaley, W. H. Snider, T. Martin, W. Whittaker, R. S. Hale, Oliver Johnson, A. Morrison, P. Christiansen, W. P. Winsby, D. McNaughton, A. R. Speck, W. T. Fullerton, John Dalby, Frank Wills, Thos. Mitten, Mrs. Mitten, D. D. Graham, Mrs. D. D. Graham, Mrs. W. G. Luker, W. G. Luker, L. M. Sayres, M. H. Sullivan, S. O. Sherwood, H. Hodgson, O. Warner, N. Shakespeare, H. H. Macdonald, Isaac Walsh, Thomas Earle, J. G. Cox, Beaumont Boggs, David McLachlan, Richard Drake, R. T. Styles, Thomas Storey, J. H. Baker, J. Braden, P. T. Johnson, J. Gosnell, Wm. Burgess, J. Baker, J. B. Harrison, Geo. Bishop, Duncan Stewart, William Anderson, W. Clarke, F. Adams, G. A. Carter, Jas. Jackson, Henry Rodge, Samuel Reid, J. A. Sayward, J. W. Winnett, R. A. Brown E. Beam, G. H. Brown, Hy. Jewell, George Jeeves, Julia Jeeves, Geo. Glover, H. Smith, John Frank, Thos. B. Hall, E. Noel, Mrs. R. S. Hale, J. Heanski, H. F. Heisterman, C. N. Cameron, Geo. W. Wynne, H. A. Porter, J. W. Leary, Joe Leary, J. W. Mellor, Cleveland, John Mortimer, Wilson & Noble, Robert Sellick, A. St. G. Flint, J. W. Carter, A. Galbraith, James Angus, J. Gerhard Clarke, J. Nicholles, D. D. Ewer, W. Braden, D. McMillan, D. G. Walker, J. R. Robinson, W. H. Burkholder, Thos. E. Wood, Geo. Kirsop, T. G. Raynor, W. Ailes, John Cameron, William Preen, Alex. McDonald, E. Carne, sen., Munroe Miller, J. Fullerton, L. Goodacre, E. Sherrott, H. R. Sellick, Jos. E. Phillips, J. S. Fullarton, Hinkson Siddall, Chas. W. Wilson, T. Haughton, Isaac Rogerson, Wm. Wilson, J. Porter, Edward Bragg, R. P. McLennan, A. C. Ewart, J. R. Kerr, Weller Bros., R. B. Escourt, W. J. Smith, Jno. R. Wilson, John Colbert, John Creed, jun., F. Summers, John P. Elford, Alex. Sangster, A. Maxwell Muir, John Dean, M. R. Smith, A. A. Hedges, Geo. W. Haynes, J. J. Cowley, Thos. R. Mitchell, E. Nicholas, L. Cousins, J. H. Kerr, Alex. Wilson, M. Walker, Anton Vegelius, R. S. Rendall, J. C. Leask, S. Wilson, Chas. E. Redfern, Thos. W. Fletcher, H. Moss, Crispin Taylor.

Victoria, B. C., 11th August, 1893.

Gentlemen:—In answer to your numerously signed and influential requisition asking me to allow my name to be put in nomination for school trustee, I have only to say, if you think my services will in any way advance the interests of education, my best endeavors are at your service.

I am,

Yours very truly,

JOHN TEAGUE.

(Colonist copy.)

HE LOVED good bread, pie, and pastry, but his stomach was delicate.

SHE LOVED to cook, but was tired and sick of the taste and smell of lard. She bought Cottolene, (the new shortening) and

THEY LOVED more than ever, because she made better food, and he could eat it without any unpleasant after effect. Now THEY ARE HAPPY in having found the BEST, and most healthful shortening ever made—

COTTOLENE.

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.

Cor. Government and Fort Sts.

Cheapest Boarding House IN TOWN.

Rock Bay Hotel

NEW HOUSE. NEW FURNITURE.

Best Accommodation for the Least Money.

Single Room .... $5 A WEEK
..... And Board

Bar will be run in the same manner as St. George's Hotel. Beer, 5 cents a schooner; 10 cents a pot.

BEN. CARTER, Proprietor.

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Is what you receive from us.

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

The finest assortment of Ready-Made Clothing ever seen in British Columbia is now on exhibition at our store. While others are complaining of hard times we are selling more good ready-made Suits than ever before. See our windows. Suits from $15 to $25, and no trouble to sell them; they sell themselves because they are just what the people want. No other stores have the same class of goods.

We have all sizes up to 50 in. chest measure. Suits for big men a specialty.

We have all styles—Single and Double Breasted Sac., Single and Double Breasted Frock, Full Dress Suits, Eaton Suits. An inspection solicited.

Boot and Shoe Department next door below.

35 & 37 Johnson St., Victoria. GILMORE & McCANDLESS.

WEILER BROS.

Latest Arrivals

Reed, Rattan and Bamboo Furniture,

Comprising Novelties in
Chairs, Rockers, Couches, Tables, Cabinets, Screens, Easels, Etc., Etc.

Juvenile High Grade Safety Bicycles,

With solid rubber tires, with nickel mountings; warranted first-class in every particular, $25 each.

Baby Carriages, Children's Wagons and Boys' Velocipedes in Great Variety

Large Stock of High Grade Pressed Glassware.

SHOW ROOMS: 51 TO 55 FORT ST.

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PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there is able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

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THE Stanley House

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55, 57, 59 DOUGLAS ST., COR. OF FORT ST.

NEW GOODS AT SALE PRICES

Fine Line of Heavy Twill SERGE, 40 in., at 25c.

Line of FINE SERGE, 39 in., at 3 yds. for $1.00.

Also a big range of NEW FRENCH FLANNELS, New Patterns.

VISITORS should call at our branch Show Room on the Fair Grounds, where they will see forecasts of the coming Fall Novelties in MILLINERY, DRESSMAKING, Etc.

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JUST RECEIVED

Another Shipment of those WHITE CALICOES

BEST VALUE IN THE MARKET.

15 yds. White Calico for $1.
12 yds. 36 inch White Calico for $1
10 yds. Heavy Medium White Calico for $1.
8 yds. Extra Heavy White Calico for $1.
14 yds. Canton Flannel for $1.
12 yds. Flannelette for $1.

ALSO

A nice range of PRINTS 12 yards for $1.

Remnants, Dress Goods, Prints, Flannelettes, Laces, Ribbons, Embroideries, &c., VERY LOW IN PRICE

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